A L Bancroft & Co
721 Market St

The Yolo Democrat.

VOL VII. WOODLAND, YOLO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA: FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1874. NO. 30.

The Yolo Democrat.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING, BY

WM. SAUNDERS,

Editor and Proprietor.

Office—Freeman's Block, cor. 1st and Main Sts.

TERMS—IN ADVANCE:

One copy, one year.....$4 00
" six months.....2 00
" three months.....1 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

One square (9 lines or less), first insertion..$1 50
Each subsequent insertion.....1 00

A liberal discount made from above rates to quarterly or yearly advertisers.

Legal advertising at rates established by law.

Star (*) notices in the local department, ten cents a line for the first and five cts. a line for each subsequent insertion.

☞ All transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, AND FANCY GOODS,

SCHOOL BOOKS, MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS,

Stationery and Musical Instruments, Etc.

AT THE ESTABLISHMENT OF

G. W. GREENE,

MAIN STREET,

Nearly opposite the Capital Hotel, Woodland, is the place to find an assortment in the above lines. An inspection of my stock is respectfully requested.

Besides a large stock of Watches, Clocks, Gold, Silver and Plated Ware, Musical Instruments, Lamps, Toys and Fancy Goods, I have all the Public school, College and Text Books required; also Religious and Miscellaneous Works, Music, Books, etc.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired in a satisfactory manner and on short notice.

AGENCY OF THE

Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine.

je5-3m

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

MRS. & MISS PORTER

having purchased the stock and business of Mrs. WILLIARD AND PUTNAM in the above line, desire to inform the public of the fact, and at the same time solicit the patronage of the Ladies of Woodland and vicinity.

A New Stock of Millinery

Has already been added, so that we can supply anything in that line, promptly, and we believe to the satisfaction of everyone who calls upon us. We shall aim to keep the latest styles of goods, and sell them at reasonable prices.

Dressmaking

Will also be a prominent feature with us, in which we feel confident we can please both in style and prices.

Agents for Butterick's Patterns.

The ladies are respectfully invited to give us a call, examine our goods and leave their orders.

MRS. W. W. PORTER & CO.

Woodland, Sept. 11th, 1873. mh12 3m

F. M. FOY,

Merchant Tailor,

No. 69 J. STREET,

Between Third and Fourth, - Sacramento.

AN ASSORTMENT OF

The Best French and English

—AND—

GERMAN GOODS

Always on hand; also, the

BEST AMERICAN GOODS!

Which will be made up in the best style and warranted to fit. mh20-3m

BROOKLYN HOTEL,

BUSH STREET,

BETWEEN MONTGOMERY AND SANSOME,

Adjoining the New Mercantile Library,

SAN FRANCISCO.

TERMS: $2 PER DAY.

KELLY & ANDREWS,

PROPRIETORS.

The Coach, plainly marked "BROOKLYN HOTEL," will be at the Railroad Depots and Steamboat Landings, to convey guests to the Hotel, free of charge. ap24-3m

NEW

Shaving and Hair-Dressing

SALOON,

HUMMEL BROS., Proprietors,

One Door East of Yolo Market,

MAIN STREET, - - WOODLAND.

All work in the Tonsorial line warranted to please.

☞ Orders for Ladies' Hair Work received and promptly attended to by an accomplished Ladies' Hair-Dresser.

WM. HUMMEL, P. HUMMEL.

my6-3m

CRAFT HOTEL,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND,

FRANK FRARY, Proprietor.

Everything new and modern in style. The table will be furnished with the best in the market. Meals will be furnished and the house kept

On the European Plan.

The proprietor is a successful caterer to the public wants, and will give entire satisfaction to all who favor the Craft Hotel with their patronage.

Terms Reasonable.

☞ Free conveyance to and from the cars. mh19 tf

To the Ladies of Woodland and Vicinity.

Rag Carpet Manufactory.

The undersigned wishes to inform the public that he has just established himself in Woodland, and is prepared to weave Rag Carpets for all who want them.

PRICES.

Fancy patterns, per yard.....50 cts.
Patterns with white warp, per yard.....45 cts.
Plain patterns, per yard.....40 cts.

Orders left at Porter's store will be promptly attended to.

ap17-3m THOMAS McCANNA.

GREAT

Closing-Out Sale

AT AUCTION!

The undersigned will sell off at auction to the highest bidder, at the well-known store of

S HYMAN,

OPP. CAPITAL HOTEL, WOODLAND,

The Entire Stock-in-Trade of his store, consisting of

General Dry Goods,

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Boots and Shoes,

And a great variety of other goods—too numerous to classify.

☞ Sale to commence at 10 o'clock SATURDAY, June 6th, 1874.

The object of this sale is to close out the business.

TERMS: On all purchases under $25, cash on delivery; on sums of $25 and upwards, a credit of four months' time will be given on approved notes bearing one per cent. per month interest. *SALE POSITIVE.*

my15-td W. A. HENRY, Auctioneer.

L. MACHEFERT,

WATCHMAKER

—AND—

JEWELER.

Now Sole Proprietor of the Jewelry business of

RUGGLES & MACHEFERT,

Main Street, Woodland.

Has the Largest Assortment of

Clocks, Gents' and Ladies' Gold Watches, American and Swiss Silver Watches, Gold Chains, Rings, Pins, Bracelets, Earrings, etc.

Silver and Silver-plated Ware,

Knives, Pistols, Guns, Ammunition, Toys and Fancy Goods,

—AND IS THE—

Agent in Woodland for the

Florence Sewing Machine.

P. S.—All Watch and Jewelry Repairs guaranteed satisfactory. my15-3m

TO THE LADIES

—OF—

Woodland and Yolo County.

MRS. OGBURN,

Having just returned from the Bay with a full assortment of

Spring Millinery Goods,

OF THE LATEST STYLES,

Would be pleased to have the Ladies call and examine them, confident that she can please in the future as well as in the past. She would also return thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed, and would respectfully solicit a continuance of the same

N.B.—Particular attention given to

DRESSMAKING!

Also, Agency of the

NEW WEED SEWING MACHINE!

ap10 One of the most reliable in use.

YOLO POULTRY YARDS.

J. F. FRIGGENS,

IMPORTER AND BREEDER OF

HIGH-CLASS POULTRY.

The undersigned is largely engaged in the Poultry business in all its branches, dealing in both fancy and common breeds. I have for sale very fine

BUFF COCHINS,

LIGHT BRAMAS,

And HOUDANS.

All the Common Breeds bought and sold.

Orders addressed to me at Woodland will meet with prompt attention.

Cash must accompany orders.

J. F. FRIGGENS,

Opposite Porter's store, Main st., Woodland. ap24-3m

The Woman's Friend!

Another lot of those celebrated

STEAM WASHERS

Which rival all kinds of Washing Machines has arrived. Men who wish to make continual peace with their wives and daughters should not fail to avail themselves of the present opportunity of taking one home. No wash-board; no hard rubbing; does not tear clothes; washes with steam, and no labor whatever; fits any stove; put it on after breakfast is ready, and by the time you get the dishes washed your washing is completed; (and right here, ladies, let me say all it lacks is it will not iron;) I do not ask you to buy if it will not prove to your satisfaction an indispensable machine.

Give it a fair trial, according to instructions, before giving your decision, and if you find you are determined not to be suited, return, and no charges. I could give you many good testimonials, but as my Washer sells entirely on its own merits, I ask none. For curtains and flannels, fine lace collars, etc., this would be a Cheap Washer if it would do no more. It certainly does all claimed for it. Sold at

West'n Union Telegraph Office,

MAIN STREET, BY

M. BOUNDS.

PRICE, - ELEVEN DOLLARS.

my8-3m

O'BRIEN'S

SALOON and RESTAURANT,

CACHEVILLE,

BLIND AUGUST, Proprietor.

MEALS, Twenty-five cents, furnished at all hours; also, the best

WINES, LIQUORS

AND CIGARS. my15-3m

300 Cords of Stovewood for Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale, on his Ranch, in Capay Valley, three hundred cords of Oak and Manzanita Stove Wood, deliverable on the ground. Oak Stove Wood, $3 per cord.

C. V. FOWLER.

CAPAY, April 1st, 1874. ap3-tf

F. E. BAKER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT-LAW,

Office at Court House, Woodland. je6-3m

PRATHER & PLOMTEAUX,

DENTISTS,

Have removed to their new rooms in Odd Fellows' Block, cor. Main and First streets. Office Hours—8 o'clock A. M. to 5 P. M. je5

DR. C. P. GETTIER,

DENTAL ROOMS, BANK BUILDING, MAIN ST

(Over Frost & Bush's Law Office.)

Dental Surgery in all cases skillfully performed. Diseases of the mouth and offensive breath cured. Mechanical Dentistry done in the best style of the art. Teeth Extracted without Pain. All Operations Warranted. my28-3m

W. A. HENRY,

CONVEYANCER AND AUCTIONEER,

Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, Notes and Accounts Drawn in legal form. Loans negotiated. Highest price paid for County Warrants.

OFFICE—In Court House, Woodland. my22

CREED HAYMOND,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

Office over Gillig, Mott & Co's, No. 53 J street, Sacramento. Residence, Golden Eagle Hotel. my21-3m

STERLING G. HARPER,

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Office in new brick building, next door west of the old Bank, Woodland, Cal. my 13-3m

W. R. HINKSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Fifth street, bet. I and J, Sacramento. In Office with Armstrong & Hinkson. my13

DR. B. H. PEIRSON,

PHYSISICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office, corner College and Main streets, Woodland. Office hours, from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. and from 7 to 9 P. M., unless professionally engaged. my8-3m

JAMES JOHNSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

AND

COURT COMMISSIONER FOR YOLO CO.

Office up stairs, in old Bank building, Woodland. my8-3m

L. FRIEL,

COUNTY SURVEYOR,

OFFICE—In the Court House, Woodland, Yolo Co., Cal. Will attend promptly to surveying in all parts of the county. my1-3m

A. B. MERING, M.D.,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE—Those formerly occupied by Dr. D. Ray. Orders left at the Drug store of Ruggles & Reindollar will be promptly attended to. ap17-3m

J. C. BALL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

AND COMMISSIONER IN BANKRUPTCY,

OFFICE—Over Freeman's Store, Cor. First and Main street, Woodland, Cal. ap17-3m

DR. R. D. HARKNESS,

HOMEOPATHIST AND VISITING PHYSICIAN,

May be found day or night at his rooms in the Craft House, when not engaged out professionally. Consultations held in Craft House Parlors. Disease treated by specific medication without the injurious action of mercury and other drug poisons. Diseases of Women and Children a speciality. ap17

DR. E. L. PARRAMORE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Is permanently located at Woodland, Yolo County. Calls promptly attended to. Leave orders at Simpson's Drug Store. ap10-3m

FROST & BUSH,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Bank Building, Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. Attend to all business of the profession. Particular attention given to Land cases, Conveyancing, Settlement of Estates of deceased persons, etc. ap10-3m

J. LAMBERT,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

Will practice in all the Courts of the State. Office: over Nicklesburg Bros.' store, Main street, Woodland, Yolo County, Cal. mh19

DR. GEORGE H. JACKSON,

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,

OFFICE—In Bynum & Co's Drug Store, corner of Main and Railroad streets, Woodland.

RESIDENCE—Second street, between Lincoln and Oak avenues. mh12-3m

THOMAS ROSS, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal. Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Office, over Nickles burg's store. Residence, Front street, immediately west of College Chapel. mh12

M. GARDNER, M.D.C.M.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.,

Graduate of McGill University, Montreal; now located at Davisville, Cal. mh12-3m

P. H. SIBLEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office three doors east of Postoffice, Woodland. Will attend to any business in all the Courts of this State, and any other business pertaining to the profession. mh12-3m

ARMSTRONG & HINKSON.

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Office, Fifth street, between I and J, adjoining Sacramento Savings Bank,

mh12] SACRAMENTO. [3m

BANK OF WOODLAND.

WOODLAND, CAL.

Capital Stock $500,000.

J. D. STEPHENS.....PRESIDENT.
F. S. FREEMAN...VICE PRESIDENT.
C. W. BUSH.....CASHIER.

Money Loaned on Real Estate, Personal or Collateral Security.

Discount days, Tuesdays and Fridays.

Exchange Furnished on Sacramento, San Francisco, and Eastern and European Cities.

Collections promptly attended to at all available points.

☞ County Warrants purchased, and Greenbacks and all kinds of Government Securities bought and sold. Papers, and all kinds of valuables, securely kept, free of charge. mh5

OTTO HANSON,

Merchant Tailor,

No 106 J STREET,

Between Fourth and Fifth, - Sacramento,

Has greatly reduced the price of Gents' Custom-made Clothing. Fine Cassimere and Tweed Pants, superior finish, at $9 and upwards. Diagonal and Cassimere Business Suits, $40 and upwards. Also a

☞ GREAT REDUCTION IN ALL THE FASHIONABLE MATERIALS!

A full line of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS of the best quality. mh20-3m

A Picture of the Mississippi Flood.

A woman correspondent of the Boston *Journal*, writing from Mayflower Plantation, Iberville parish, Louisiana, gives a vivid picture of that neighborhood during the flood. We quote:

"For weeks, since March, the river had been steadily rising out of its banks against the levees, creeping up the levees to the very top, and running over with the waves of every passing steamboat. All plantation work was abandoned, and along the bank on both sides of the river for hundreds of miles negroes and planters toiled day and night, building the levees higher with staves and earth, strengthening the weak places, and, as the darkies say, 'Fighting the river every whar.' With fear and trembling we fell asleep at night to find the river one or two inches higher at dawn.

"Wednesday, the 15th of April, just at twilight, we were startled to see a man dashing by on horseback, yelling as he passed, 'Crevasse at Australia Plantation.' On he sped with the direful news from house to house, along the coast, while with rapid haste negroes and white men on foot, in carts and on horse-back, with alarmed faces, hastened to stop, if possible, the break five miles above. An hour later the wind blew a hurricane, with thunder, lightning, hail and such rain as I am certain never fell on earth before. All that dreadful night, to their waists and shoulders in the river, two hundred men worked with no light to guide them, save the incessant lightning flashes, until 4 o'clock in the morning, when all came singing home in darkey chorus, believing for the moment the danger was over and the crevasse stopped.

"At daybreak the planters were aghast to see the muddy river water covering their fields at the back of the plantations.

"'Mayflower,' the plantation from which I write, is situated on a point fifteen miles around by river and three miles from the house, on the river bank front, straight back to the river again, whence runs the public road to Baton Rouge, and here for a long distance the levee is fifteen feet high. Mr. Hickey owns the adjoining plantation on this road; his house, an immense brick dwelling, faced the river, almost hidden in a grand old grove of magnolia and pecan trees, and here, in the blackness and storm of that long to-be remembered morning, the big levee broke. The house fell in twenty minutes, the family barely escaping with their lives, while drowning mules, horses, sheep and poultry were borne with cabins, fences, stables and furniture by the merciless torrent to the woods.

"Rapidly came the water over our fields, sweeping everything before it, filling the bayou, and ditches to the sugar house; quickly it rushed to the quarters, from which the affrighted negroes fled to the sugar house and huddled high up among the machinery, saving nothing but their babies. The overseer, with his numerous family, sought refuge in a neighboring store; mules and cattle scampered, braying and snorting in terror around the house; dogs howled in every direction, while ducks, geese, tree toads and frogs were noisy and jubilant at the prospect.

"All that terrible day the rain fell in torrents, and still came the river on, until noon, when it crept more slowly to the garden fence and stopped, the waters having made a current parallel with the river, and flowing in that direction. All night the rain fell, and the wind blowing against the bank before, threatened to burst the levee—soft and soaked by the heavy rain—and rush to meet the river behind us. We laid rubber cloaks and blankets handy, ready to flee any moment out in the tempest, we knew not whither, moored two skiffs under the rose bush by the gallery, built roaring fires of cypress wood in five fireplaces to keep up our spirits, while old black Charlotte, in a very tight basque, ornate with brass buttons and glass buttons of every size and description, her good old face surrounded by the gayest bandanna, poked the fires at intervals all around, falling on her knees to pray at the sligtest provocation, or in a dismal minor key keeping time with the howling wind through the cotton trees, as she swayed to and fro in the firelight, singing, 'Oh! Lord come along, come along, trouble done bore me down.'

"Day came with no cessation of the storm, but before night the river in front had fallen twenty-eight inches. From this fact we were assured the levee must have broken in many places.

"All the following day the tempest of wind and rain continued, and until noon on Sunday, when, unwillingly, the blessed sun shone glittering on a waste of water, bordered by a green ridge whereon our little white house stands peacefully.

"It was a perilous time to the people of Iberville parish, a perilous experience to all the dwellers on the lowlands of Louisiana, which I hope never again to witness on record.

"Now, where three weeks ago green, thrifty canefields bespoke the abundant sugar harvest, the Mississippi River flows, six, eight and ten feet deep; where we galloped on horseback we now row in skiffs or sail in pleasure boats; in the cabins, where at night the tired men, after hard day's toiling in the field, told their droll stories and watched the hoecake baking, and in the little garden patches where the women planted scarlet beans and sweet potatoes together, and guarded with simple pleasure their young chickens and hives of bees, now the blind buffalo and gar-fish, with the pink shrimp and poisonous scorpion, disport, sole possessors.

"This 'Hicky Crevasse' is one hundred miles above New Orleans, midway between Plaquemine and Baton Rouge; it is two thirds of a mile in width, ten feet deep, through which the river rushes with the noise of distant Niagara, at a velocity of ten miles an hour. After deluging two parishes, its waters have swelled the Atchafalaya, Teche and Lafouche to such a volume as to overflow every parish on its course to the sea, inundating many of the fairest plantations of the State, driving poor white people from the swan p lands, who, half clad and starving, come wading for miles, more dead than alive, to Plaquemine for food and shelter. Yet this fearful crevasse, of which my experience is not so frightful or varied in detail as thousands, in this parish even, might record, is but one of the disastrous many, from Memphis to the Gulf, upon whose waters the quiet moon looks down to-night.

"Heaven blesss dear Boston for her ready, substantial and munificent assistance to the homeless and perishing of stricken Louisiana.

"LOUISE DEWING."

Rings.

The last Illinois Granger has a sensible article on rings. We clip from it the following:

"Disguise the fact as you may, the largest, the most dangerous ring of all, is the United States Congress, at Washington. It is the parent ring, and the father of all monopolies. They are created by acts of Congress, and protected by acts of Congress. The people elect their Senators and Congressmen, and are, therefore, supposed to approve of their actions; if they do not, why not have the independence and manliness to say so? And when they come home and ask the people to reelect them, no difference 'what party nominates them, say we will not support you.' But, if their party be in a majority, a nomination is equivalent to an election, and an election is a sure road to fortune. Friends who contribute to this result now come forward for their reward. They secured his nomination, and the blind prejudice of the people did the balance. He considers himself under obligations to them, (not the people, for he knows there is credit due them), and carries through some special legislation for their protection or benefit, or promises to use his influence to procure an appointment, or reward of of some kind for them. Suppose that the people at large are taxed to pay this, and grumble some, what of it? are they not members of the great old party, and would they go back on him and turn the Government over to their enemies? Of course not; they have too much intelligence (?) for this; they will remain true to the old party. Now, this is the way we have all been doing. We have allowed a set of men to deliberately, and legally, rob us, and keep us so blind as not to see it. This then, is what we consider the very root of the evil, the cause of rings and monopolies, and we are glad to see men arise and throw off the old party chain which has bound them down like slaves, assert their manhood, and act like intelligent freemen."

THE "THREE BROTHERS."—The New York *Shipping List* says of the clipper-ship Three Brothers: Last year the steamship Vanderbilt, then at San Francisco, was sold by the Government to Geo. Howes & Co., and by them converted into a clipper ship, and dispatched to Havre with a cargo of about 4,400 tons of wheat. She has lately arrived at this port, and is now loading for San Francisco. The Three Brothers is the largest, and, in all essential particulars, the most magnificent clipper ship that ever entered this or any other port. The original model has not been changed, but, in the process of rebuilding, the great forests of the Pacific Coast have been extensively used for new beams, spars and joiner work. The Three Brothers has the finest set of spars ever seen upon a ship, and, when under full sail, she spreads no less than 15,000 yards of canvas. She registers 2,972 tons, has three decks, and a capacity for not far from 6 000 tons California cargo. Her equipments are after the most approved methods, and she is a credit to her owners and the flag she bears. Cummings, long and favorably known as Captain of the celebrated clipper ship Young America, is in command of the Three Brothers, besides which the ship carries four officers, thirty-six men, four quartermasters, two cooks, two stewards, two carpenters, one sail-maker and four boys. She has five large boats, and an engine to be used in receiving cargo, making sail, moving cables, etc. This beautiful specimen of naval architecture is lying at Pier 19 East river, and is deservedly attracting much attention.

THE FALL OF NOAH DAVIS.—The St. Paul *Dispatch* says: The man who tried Tweed—Noah Davis—is another example of the baseness lurking beneath excessive pretensions to virtue. Davis was Judge on the trials of both Stokes and Tweed. He was the friend of Stokes and the enemy of Tweed, or rather Davis was governed solely by what he considered popular opinion. His rulings and conduct were unworthy an American Judge. He was partial, overbearing, dictatorial, and malignant. Sprung from the lowest political obscurity, he inaugurated his judicial term with an exhibition of virtue so excessive as to be suspicious. This paper unqualifiedly condemned his conduct on the trial of Tweed. And now Noah Davis, the over-righteous Judge, has fallen. He should be glad to exchange places with the old man Tweed, and to hide himself from the contempt and scorn of the people. Failing in his attempt during his term as District Attorney to rob Phelps, Dodge & Co., of $260,000, he acted the dog in the manger by trying to keep his legitimate fees from his successor Bliss. From the first disclosures of the Ring frauds in New York, startling the world by their enormity, there has not appeared a greater selfconfessed rascal, and one who deserves a deeper and darker cell on Blackwell's Island than Noah Davis, who now pollutes and disgraces the Supreme Bench. A life of penitence and atonement can never wash from his dirty hands the blood spots of blackmail.

NO RAILROAD BUILDING THIS YEAR.—The Central and Southern Pacific Railroad Companies will this year do no work beyond the building of about twenty miles of road on the latter line southward toward Bakersfield. Even this work would not be done, but the company would forfeit its land-grant if the line were not extended at the rate of at least 20 miles a year. There is no longer a market in Europe for American railroad securities, and from that quarter all the money has come with which railroads of the United States have been built. The newspapers which war and howl against railroads seem to have no other object than to bankrupt existing roads and make their extension or the building of new ones impossible. We need at least fifteen hundred additional miles of railroad in California, but at present there is not the slightest prospect that our wants in this respect will be supplied. *Real Estate Circular.*

Read This.

"Spare me a copper, sir; I'm starving," said a poor, half clad man to a gentleman who was hastening homewards through the streets in the great city, one bitter cold night. "Spare a copper, sir, and God will bless you."

Struck with the fellow's manner and appearance, the gentleman replied: "You look as if you had seen better days. If you tell me candidly what has been your greatest failing through life, I'll give you enough money to pay your lodging."

"I am afraid I could hardly do that," the beggar answered, with a mournful smile.

"Try man, try," added the gentleman. "Here's a shilling to sharpen your memory; only be sure you speak the truth."

The man pressed the coin tightly in his hand, and after thinking for nearly a minute said:

"To be honest with you, then, I believe my greatest fault has been in learning to kill time. When I was a youngster, I had kind, loving parents, who let me do pretty much as I liked; so I became idle and careless, and never once thought of the change which was in store for me.

In the hope that I should one day make my mark in the word, I was sent to college; but there I wasted my time in idle dreaming and expensive amusements.

If I had been a poor boy, with necessity staring me in the face, I think I should have done better. But somehow I fell into the notion that life was to be one continued holiday. I gradually became fond of wine and company. In a few years my parents both died; and you can guess the rest. I soon wasted what little they left me; and now it is too late to combat my old habits. Yes, sir, idleness has ruined me."

"I believe your story," replied the gentleman, and when I get home, I will tell it to my own boys as a warning. But it is never too late to reform. Come to my office to-morrow morning and let me try to inspire you with fresh courage. And giving the man another piece of money, indicating where he could be found, he hurried away.

Never kill time boys. He is your best friend. Use him well. Don't let him slip through your fingers when you are young, as the begger did. The days of your boyhood are the most precious you will ever see. The habits you get into will stick to you like wax. If they are little ones, life will be a pleasure above all success;

You may not grow rich, but your life will be a real success, nevertheless.

If, on the contrary, you waste your early years, live for fun only, trifle with your opportunities, you will find after a while that your life is a failure—yes, even if you should be as rich as Crœsus.

One of the saddest things is to meet a man who has let golden opportunities go by him, just entering the battle of life, yet entirely unfitted for his position.

He is to be pitied, and yet blamed. In this favored land every one can learn to read and write, for instance. But how often we meet young men utterly unable to write a dozen lines correctly. Be assured young friends, it will be a source of shame to you as men if you do not pay attention to education as boys.

The world is full of good books to read.

You are surrounded with friends and relatives. Be warned in time, and coin happiness and honor in the future from the industry of the present and you will not have read this story in vain.

THE VULGAR DISPLAY OF JEWELS. "Are we," writes a New York correspondent of a Boston paper, "a nation of pawnbrokers or jewelers? We must certainly be one or the other, or wherefore the quantity of diamonds that are worn by women and children? I have no fault to find with the middle-aged lady who adorns herself with the family jewels on full-dress occasions; but good taste is outraged at the sight of a girl of fifteen wearing as many diamonds as would ransome a king. Not long ago I met a little child, who could not have been over five years old, out walking with her nurse, and from her ears hung immense solitaire diamonds. It is no uncommon thing to see school girls from ten to eighteen years wearing diamonds on their fingers and in their ears. A young girl does not think her toilet complete without diamond earrings and at least one diamond ring. Then, as she gets richer, come hair ornaments and crosses, and lockets, made of the precious stones. Necklaces of diamonds are rare in this country, and are not often seen off the stage. The Countess of Caithness, who visited this country some time ago, was the wonder and admiration of all New York when she appeared in her box at the opera flashing in $800,000 worth of diamonds. But then her diamonds had been handed down from generation to generation of very rich ancestors, and were only second to those of royalty. In European countries it is not until a woman has attained to years of maturity that she wears diamonds, and even then not unless she is very rich. In this country no one is too young to wear them, and I was going to say, no one too poor, for I have often seen women who live in small houses, up back streets, appear at church or the opera glittering in diamonds. A lady of my acquaintance, when she gets up in the morning, puts on a calico wrapper, but that does not prevent her arraying herself in diamond earrings, breast-pin, and finger rings, with which adornment she performs her household tasks."

A LIVE DISTILLERY.—A polyp of the Medusa species was recently placed in an aquarium in a public garden in Paris. The next day, all of the other animals in the same tank were found dead. An examination into the cause of this strange fatality revealed the fact that the newly arrived polyp had changed the water to vinegar, and thus poisoned his companions. This peculiar animal has the power of manufacturing alcohol within itself. The alcohol soon became converted into vinegar by fermentation, which is fatal to other denizens of the sea, no matter how refreshing it may be to this whisky-loving polyp. "The poisonous Medusa was at once removed to a tank by itself, where it will be permitted to carry on its cheap vinegar manufacture as long as it pleases."

Aversion to Manual Labor.

A writer in *What Next* says the practice of educating boys for the professions, which are already overstocked, or for mercantile business, in which statistics show that ninety-five in a hundred fail of success, is fearfully on the increase in this country. Americans are annually becoming more and more averse to manual labor; and to get a living by one's wits, even at the cost of independence and self respect, and a fearful wear and tear of conscience, is the ambition of a large proportion of our young men. The result is that the mechanical professions are becoming a monopoly of foreigners, and the ownership of the finest farms, even in New England, is passing from Americans to Irishmen and Germans. Fifty years ago a father was not ashamed to put his children to the plow or to a mechanical trade; but now they are "too feeble" for bodily labor; one has a pain in his side, another a slight cough, another "a very delicate constitution," another is nervous; and so poor Bobby or Billy or Tommy is sent off to the city to measure tape, weigh coffee, or draw molasses.

It seems never to occur to their foolish parents that moderate manual labor in the pure air of the country is just what these puny, wasp-waisted lads need, and that to send them to the crowded and unhealthy city is to send them to their graves. Let them follow the plow, swing the sledge, or shove the foreplane, and their pinched chests will expand, their sunken cheeks plump out, and their lungs, now "cabined, cribbed, and confined," will have room to play. Their nerves will be invigorated with their muscles; and when they shall have cast off their jackets, instead of being thin, pale, vapid coxcombs, they shall have spread out to the size and configuration of men. A lawyer's office, a counting room, or a grocery is about the last place to which a sickly youth should be sent. The ruin of health is as sure there as in the mines of England. Even of those men in the city who have constitutions of iron, only five per cent. succeed, and then only by "living like hermits and working like horses;" the rest, after years of toil and anxiety, become bankrupt or retire; and having meanwhile acquired a thorough disgust and unfitness for manual labor, bitterly bemoan the day when they forsook the peaceful pursuits of the country for the excitement, care, and sharp competition of city life.

THE RAINY DAY.—It is surprising that so many people live without taking thought of the morrow. Reckless expenditures to ensure ease for the present seems to be the order of the day. With all the accomplishments of the young people, nowadays, how few have the education which will enable them to economize in time of need! The girl's smattering of the languages won't do this, nor the boy's skill at billiards; and thus the household expenditures suffer from the lack of an intelligent system of house-keeping and the ignorance of the younger branches of the family, both on this point and the way to earn their own living. Isn't it high time that there should be a change in this respect? The chances and changes of business, and the uncertainties of investments, make sad havoc with the position of once well-to-do people, and find too many members of families unable to do anything to keep the wolf from the door. The same neglect of a sound and reasonable education prevents the wives and children of working men from helping to bear the load which presses so heavily on the father of a family. How many good house-keepers are there among either the upper or middle classes who can, by careful management, so reduce their expenses as to tide over dull times, and in bright days have a surplus ready for the savings bank? This is a practical question to which our household economists should pay attention. Although the cost of living has largely increased during the last decade of years, it is still possible, by the exercise of judicious economy and foresight, to provide for the needs of the rainy day.

A TOWEL FOR EACH.—It is not uncommon, in country houses, for all the members of the family to use the same towel for wiping their hands and faces. I am often surprised to see how this practice prevails even among people of considerable cultivation; frequently the towel is made of three yards of good crash, sewed together at the ends, and hung over a roller. This seems very generous and nice when it is clean, but not so after it has hung there two or three days, used morning, noon and night by half a dozen persons. We may be able to endure a great deal of our own dirt, when we are obliged to, but it is not a morbid delicacy that shrinks from using a towel soiled by other persons. Each human body gives forth its own peculiar excretions from every pore of the skin, waste matter, more or less filthy, so it is not merely the impurity derived from external sources that we wash and wipe away when we perform our ablutions. It is also this one's dyspepsia, that one's billiousness, the other one's tobacco; ugh! Give me a clean towel, please! And please give every child its own towel and its own comb as soon as it is old enough to use them, and now I want to add—please, O fellow citizen! give every human being a chance to bathe the whole body, privately, whenever one wishes to do so, in a comfortable bath-tub, and all the clean towels desired.—*American Agriculturist.*

HEAT OF THE SUN.—The heat of the sun nowhere penetrates the ocean more than six hundred feet. At a depth of from one to two miles the temperature is everywhere about four degrees below the freezing point, caused, probably, by the ice water poured into the ocean from the arctic regions, northern and southern. This being heavier than the surface water, sinks to the bottom and forms currents ever flowing toward the equator, to take the place of water which, there heated and rendered lighter, rises to the surface and forms the Gulf and other warm streams. As these flow again toward the arctic region, it will be seen that a perpetual circuit is kept up, the arctic waters continually lessening the heat of tropical waters, and these in their turn, giving out their heat as they flow away from the tropics. England is warmer than Greenland only because of the warmth derived from the Gulf stream.

The Yolo Democrat,

With Half-Sheet Supplement;

MAKING SIX PAGES EVERY WEEK.

Contains all County Official Advertisements.

WOODLAND, CAL:

Friday, June 12th, 1874.

MORE FISH.—The aquarium car with 2,000 young cels and 30,000 young shad left Chicago for San Francisco on the morning of the 7th instant.

COUNTY SEAT REMOVAL.—An election was held in Butte County on the 9th instant. Oroville and Chico both claim the most votes. Oroville seems to have come out ahead.

DAMAGED.—The last rain was quite heavy at Calistoga and lasted about 24 hours, doing considerable damage to the hay crop, of which a large quantity was cut and not stacked.

NORTH WIND.—We have had three days of north wind this week, but it has been moderate and cool, so no damage will result from it. As these winds continue, however, each day is warmer than the one preceeding; but fortunately they seldom last more than about three days.

DAILY SUN.—This little San Francisco daily paper has appeared again after having suspendid for a while. Its particular forte seems to be to wage war against the *Chronicle*. But the latter treats the *Sun* as it did the difficulty one of the DeYoungs got into lately—doesn't notice it.

"THE OLD OAKEN BUCKET."—We have received a copy of this beautiful chromo from the publisher of Demorest's Monthly Magazine. It is handsomely mounted, and when framed will be a fine parlor ornament. This fine chromo is given as a premium to all subscribers to Demorest's monthly magazine.

A COLORADO CANAL.—The people of Colorado are greatly interested in the so-called Platte Cañon Canal, which will be 350 miles in length. The flume at the mouth of the cañon is designed to be 96 feet above ground, and will be carried along for the space of two miles before the ground is reached and the canal proper commences. The canal when complete, will carry over 2,476,000,000 gallons of water daily. It will irrigate about 9,250,000 acres of Government land, and from 1,000,000 to 1,560,000 acres of Kansas Pacific land. The cost of the entire canal is estimated at about $8,000,000.

U. A. O. D.—The following are the grand officers of this Order just elected for the ensuing year: H. B. Warner, N. G. A.; Peter Sander, R. W. D. G. A.; H. J. Hartnagle, R. W. G. Secretary; Chas Herbst, R. W. G. Treasurer; Benjamin P. Kooser, W. G. Marshal; Grand Guardian, M. Vibert; Trustees: Chas. Otto, Charles Weber and W. H. Dalrymple. I. Hafky of Woodland, and C. C. Hayden of Sacramento, were elected as Grand Representatives to attend the meeting of the Grand Grove in Buffalo on the 15th of August, $150 each being appropriated towards defraying their expenses.

"THE HEALTH REFORMER."—We have before us the June number of this excellent monthly, published by the Health Reform Institute, Battle Creek, Michigan, at one dollar a year. The contents of this number are—Proper Diet for Man; A Bloody Beverage; Cheering Words; Whiskey Analyzed; Ruinous Economy; Backbone (poetry); Care of the Teeth; Why do Hygienists Get Sick? The Nerves; Natural Adaptations; Vitality and Drugs; Instruction and Education; Obey and Live (poetry); An Expensive Vice; "Having Eyes, See Ye Not?" Is it True? Rumsellers; Looking Back; Hygiene and Superstition; Smoking Statistics; Cuisine and Civilization; Too Much Joking; Harmony of the Scriptures on Eating and Drinking; Natural Duration of Life; The Joys of Health; Female Drunkeness; Lord Derby's Advice to Young Men; The Weakness of Our Girls; A Towel for Each; Idleness; Be Cheerful; Eating when Sick. Besides articles on Dieteties, Seasonable Hints, Replies to Correspondents, Literary Notices, Scientific articles, and various items.

LOCAL OPTION.—The San Francisco *Examiner* contains the following on this subject, according to which the mere matter of voting in the Townships does not settle the question. In this county it will probably come before the next grand jury; but that body may and may not agree. The *Examiner* says:

The purely democratic idea that the people rule—that is, make their own laws—seems to have been accepted by the last Legislature in its widest sense. That body, being unable to determine the question of license or no license, shirked the responsibility, and passed an Act authorizing the people in each district of the State to determine it for themselves, and in pursuance of its requirements elections have been held in a large number of places, with varying results. The *Commercial Herald* believes the Act to be unconstitutional, and for the following reason: The law-making power is vested by the Constitution in the Legislature and it has no existence except in them, and neither the Legislature, nor the the Governor, nor both combined, can constitutionally delegate that power to the people of any district. The Legislature can pass an Act authorizing the people to express their views on the subject, at some general election, with the object of legislating in accordance with those expressed views; but it cannot delegate the law-making power vested in it, and it alone, by the Constitution. This opinion is indubitably correct, according to high judicial authority, as we have shown in the columns of the *Examiner*, and so a great deal of time and money has been wasted to no purpose, but to the infinite vexation and loss of the mercantile community.

Letter from Davisville.

[From an Occasional Correspondent.]

DAVISVILLE, June 10th, 1874.

EDITOR YOLO DEMOCRAT:—DEAR SIR:—As business is increasing in the neighborhood of Davisville I thought a few items from here would not be amiss.

The wheat fields in this vicinity are ripening and awaiting the header, and the working men that are assembling for the harvest-fields make Davisville appear quite lively. With the increase are several of the light-fingered race, as some of our citizens will testify; last night one lost his watch, keys and spectacles; one a leg of beef and a sack of spuds; and one a cook. As for the last, I can't say that he was stolen but in the morning he was *minus*. I am assured that the parties will be watched, and if found the population of Woodland will be increased.

Local Option is all the talk at present. There is a *boat advertised to leave for Salt River* soon, and after that we expect to have a quiet burg. By the kindness of the President of the Anti Local Option Society, I have received the following resolutions, which were adopted on the 9th of June, 1874:

Resolved, That the saloons of Davisville close doors on Sunday from and after this day.

Resolved, That we will not sell or give any intoxicating liquor to individuals who are addicted to drunkeness.

Resolved, That we tender our thanks to the parties who fought for sustaining us in our constitutional rights, also to those who fought us for their kind and social behavior.

Mr. Editor, I think this speaks well for Davisville, as the transgressors are seeking to reform without the assistance of the Local Option law. There were several of our citizens who had business in San Francisco and other places--as our Representative had when the vote came to the test—both in the Legislature at Sacramento and when the election took place in Woodland under the Local Option law.

But I must not forget the ladies who worked so diligently in this place on election day. Several of our young and old men received free lunches and boquets to their hearts' content; but I am sorry to say that they were defeated by the small majority of twenty votes. Everything passed off pleasantly, notwithstanding the hard electioneering that was done on both sides.

Respectfully yours,

A. T. O.

ANOTHER DAVISVILLE LETTER.

From an "Anti Local Option" Correspondent.

DAVISVILLE, June 10th, 1874.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—We had a very exciting Local Option election in this place on Saturday, the 6th instant, and by being diligent and untiring in our efforts we have beaten the foe and come out victorious. They were well organized, and worked with a will. They had their chiefs promptly on the ground. We were also there, and after a little skirmishing the polls opened and we went to work in dead earnest. The lady crusaders were out at an early hour with their boquets, smiling faces and lunch-baskets, and did all in their power to win votes. But notwithstanding their ways were very winning, they were not sufficiently so to win the day. The "No License" people take their defeat very much to heart, and show less of a Christian spirit than was expected they would manifest. As the leaders in the affair were all church members, it seems to your correspondent that they should manifest more of the forgiving spirit of Christ, and not be so bitter and relentless. Some of them accuse us of treating the women disrespectfully, and that we called them "hoodlums." I think the women were treated with great respect, under the circumstances. I did not hear any one say an insulting word to any of them. It cannot be expected, when women go out among men for the purpose of electioneering, that they will be treated with that consideration or respect that would be extended to them in the parlor or ball room. Men do not treat each other with that courtesy in the political field that they do on many other occasions, because they are contending for certain principles, and each one feels an interest in the success of the particular side that he advocates. Hence they are liable to get into arguments and contentions. Now if a woman puts herself in that position, she must not expect that men will consider everything she says or does is right just because she is a woman and therefore she can do nothing wrong; but she must be prepared to give and take; and if some one does say some little naughty thing to her, she must forget it. One of them accosted me, and asked me what I was doing? I told her I was peddling "License" tickets. She said I had a "hard face," that I looked like a whisky man. I didn't think it complimentary of course; but I swallowed it with about forty grains of allowance and *considered myself flattered by her even noticing me*. Another one, after the smoke of the battle had cleared, and she got time to gather up the fragments of the free lunch, said she did not care for the expense, or the work, but she did not like to have unappreciative parties eat up all her beans, and then get beat at last. I don't think any saloon keeper called the women "hoodlums," for most all of them have wives themselves, and know pretty nearly as well how a woman should be treated as the one who made the assertion.

Please give this a place in your valuable paper, and oblige an

"OBSERVER."

FOR GOVERNOR.—The *Call* of Wednesday morning, under the caption "Agitate," said:

Some of our contemporaries are already agitating the question as to who should be the next Repupublican candidate for Governor. One journal says, "It is too soon to agitate—do not touch the question yet." Why? We hope the subject will be discussed. Let public opinion settle on some reliable candidate. Bidwell, for instance, can be trusted. The people would prefer such a man instead of permitting a convention to saddle upon them an unreliable person. Then, in the Democratic ranks there is Luttrell, who would make an excellent Governor. By all means, agitate; for the people are abundantly competent to decide who shall be Governor, without the assistance of tricksters who will attempt to manipulate conventions.

Letter from Buckeye.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

BUCKEYE, June 9th, 1874.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—For the past two months I have been constantly on the wing, making flying visits to several of the southern counties, where almost every path is obstructed by one unbroken grainfield, and where every farmer has the smiles of prosperity portrayed upon his countenance.

It is readily perceived that Chinese labor is fast monopolizing every branch of industry, driving from those counties hundreds of working men who went among the farmers to find employment, but find it unendurable to subsist and compete with Asiatics. In consequence few remain, while the masses have sought more favorable localities.

With but few exceptions, the growth of grain, especially wheat, is the most vigorous I have ever seen, and the yield promises to be the largest that has ever been raised in the State.

The season has been from two to three weeks late, and many laborers who have come among us to assist in our harvest have been unable to obtain work, but henceforward, until late in the fall, none need go idle for want of employment, for our harvest is at hand and it will require all the men and machinery we can get to gather it in season.

LOCAL OPTION.

Often the wise meet with as sad experience as anyone else. Such has been the case in this neighborhood. For some reason or other, probably the inefficiency of its organization, the crusaders have stood idly looking on and allowed the whiskey ring to triumph in this township by a good round majority, an occurrence which was not looked for by many. Our election passed off quietly, but considerable feeling was manifested by the "License" party, who mustered to the polls every voter they could rely on, while the Optionists remained quiet, and many of them remained at their homes relying upon the merits of the case to win; but victory generally belongs to those who go into a fight with a determined zeal. Let all optionists remember the result of this election, when it could have been carried by as many votes the other way. We are raising a great deal of wheat, and it takes wheat to make whiskey, and whiskey to make Democrats, but I notice a large per cent. of our Republican friends joined our ranks upon this important issue.

JOTTINGS.

Mrs. Hays, who was so seriously assaulted by her husband while under a fit of temporary insanity, is reported recovering.

The Johnny Pfeifer will case is frequently discussed by those who knew the deceased, and all think a little more ventilation is needed.

Gnats have made their appearance in great numbers, and are making it rather unpleasant for a few hours in the day.

Next week our harvest will fairly commence.

The hardest wind of the season is now blowing, but no damage to grain is expected.

Buckeye Church has become musical, and purchased an organ.

Farmers learned a lesson from last season, and hundreds of tons of hay has been and is being saved.

Yours truly, ORLAND.

Letter from Langville.

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

LANGTOWN, June 10th,

EDITOR DEMOCRAT:—It is an exceeding difficult task to write a readable letter when there is nothing of an interesting character to chronicle; but I will give you what there is.

We are through cutting hay, and the farmers are busy filling their barns, and there are a great many large stacks of surplus. All seem determined not to feel the want of horse-feed next winter. Hay is selling much higher in the shock this year than common, and our farmers seem to understand that they can command their own prices for produce if they will.

Grain is ripening very fast, and some pieces of barley are ready to cut. Wheat also is turning yellow, and the machinists are all at work on their headers and threshers.

Improvements at this place are still going on; there are several new houses already built, and the Grangers are erecting a building, the lower story of which is to be used as a store, and the upper story as a hall. It is reported that F. S. Freeman will occupy the store room. Yours respectfully,

MORTALIS.

PALACE AMPHITHEATER

—AND—

GRAND CIRCUS!

THE STAR TALENT OF BOTH HEMISPHERES.

ALL NOVELTIES.

THE PALACE AMPHITHEATER TROUPE played one hundred and fifty consecutive nights in San Francisco to crowded houses, and by the verdict of the press and public, is acknowledged to give such an entertainment as was never before offered on the Pacific Coast. This galaxy of Stars will appear in

WOODLAND,

On Saturday, June 13th.

TWO PERFORMANCES.—Doors open at 1 and 7 P.M.

THE INIMITABLE PARISIAN CLOWNS.

M'lle Victorine, Queen of the Ring.

FRED. O'BRIEN, THE LION LEAPER,

Will turn his astonishing *Double Somersault over Ten Horses*, surmounted by a pyramid of men.

A Challenge of $1,000

That no other man can perform this feat.

THE SUPERB STUD OF TRICK HORSES

Is unequaled in the world.

☞ We defy competition and rest on our merits. *Remember the Date.*

je5

A REQUISITION from Governor Dix has come to California for the arrest of Captain E. G. Miles, of Auburn, N. Y., who left per recent steamer accompanied by his wife's niece, as E. Miles and wife, taking with him $25,000, belonging to the firm of which he was a member. His wife is an invalid.

JOSEPH Bassford, of Pleasant Valley, Solano county, shipped this year 2,000 boxes of cherries. His early apricots are all gone, and he has begun to market his June apples. He thinks he will have ripe peaches by June 1st.

AT the next election in Michigan the people will decide whether the State Constitution shall be so amended as to extend the right to vote at all elections to every woman of full age.

New Advertisements.

Ordinance No. 6.

TOWN LICENSES.

BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF Trustees of the Town of Woodland:

SECTION 1. Each and every person, copartnership, firm, association or corporation, transacting within the limits of the town any business which this ordinance requires to be licensed, shall pay quarterly, in advance, a town license for pursuing said business, as follows:

SEC. 2. For the selling of real estate and personal property at auction or on commission, when the monthly sales or receipts are less than one thousand dollars, six dollars per quarter; over one and under five thousand, twelve dollars, and one dollar for every one thousand dollars exceeding five thousand dollars.

SEC. 3. Banking, when the capital invested in the business is less than ten thousand dollars, ten dollars; when the capital invested exceeds ten thousand dollars, twenty dollars.

SEC. 4. Buying and selling as agent or broker, of real estate, merchandise, stocks, notes, bonds or scrip, loaning money, leasing real estate or personal property, when the gross profits or commissions are less than fifty dollars per month, three dollars; over fifty and less than one hundred dollars per month, four dollars; and an addition of one dollar for every fifty dollars over and above one hundred dollars per month. Insurance agents shall pay a town license as follows: When the gross commissions are less than one hundred dollars per month, two dollars and fifty cents; over one hundred and less than two hundred dollars, five dollars, and an addition of five dollars for every one hundred dollars over and above two hundred dollars per month.

SEC. 5. Transacting the business of merchant, lumber dealer, grocer, druggist, baker, manufacturer or any other secular business not specified in this ordinance, when the monthly sales or receipts are less than five hundred dollars, three dollars; from five hundred to one thousand dollars, five dollars; from one thousand to two thousand dollars, seven dollars; from two thousand to five thousand dollars, ten dollars, and fifty cts. for each additional thousand dollars; *provided* that no manufacturer shall be required to pay a license for the sale of goods manufactured by him within the corporate limits of the town of Woodland when such sales do not exceed the sum of five hundred dollars per month.

SEC. 6. Express business, or forwarding parcels, packages, and letters, when the monthly receipts are less than one thousand dollars per month, ten dollars; and for every additional five hundred dollars, five dollars.

SEC. 7. Itinerant hawking, or peddling, or offering for sale of goods, wares, merchandise, medicines, or other articles (excepting newspapers and periodicals) by sample or otherwise, when the monthly receipts are less than five hundred dollars, ten dollars; and for every additional one hundred dollars, five dollars; *provided* that no manufacturer shall be required to pay a license for peddling articles manufactured by him within the limits of the town, when such sales do not exceed the sum of five hundred dollars per month, and *provided* that persons who are engaged in furnishing regular customers with fire-wood, milk, fruit or vegetables, shall not be required to pay license.

SEC. 8. Keeping livery or sale stable, when the gross monthly receipts or sales do not exceed the sum of one thousand dollars, six dollars per quarter, and two dollars in addition for every five hundred dollars in excess of one thousand dollars.

SEC. 9. Billiard saloons and ten-pin alleys, two dollars per quarter for each table or alley. Undertakers, five dollars per quarter.

SEC. 10 For each ball, dance or party, when an admission fee is charged or received for attendance of any person, two dollars

SEC. 11. Keeping a hotel, boarding-house, restaurant, lodging-house, eating house, coffee or refreshment-house, when the number of persons accommodated is more than four and not exceeding ten, three dollars per quarter; over ten and less than twenty, five dollars; over twenty, ten dollars.

SEC. 12. For each meat market, when the monthly sales amount to the sum of five hundred dollars, or less, three dollars; when the monthly sales exceed five hundred dollars, eight dollars.

SEC. 13. The Town Clerk shall cause to be printed such numbers of the various kinds of licenses as may be required, each of which, before it is delivered to the Collector, shall indicate on its face the amount for which it is issued, and each of which licenses shall be signed by the Town Clerk and charged to the Collector when delivered; *provided*, however, that no fractional part of a dollar, except the half dollar shall be charged, and if the amount of the fraction properly charged be less than twenty-five cents, no charge shall be made, but if over twenty-five cents, then the half dollar shall be charged.

SEC. 14. All licenses collectable under this ordinance, and payable quarterly, shall become due and payable at the office of the Town Marshal on the first days of January, April, July and October, excepting the business is commenced during the current quarters, in which case the license for the remainder of the quarter, together with the ensuing quarter, shall be due and payable when the business is commenced, *provided*, that any person shall be entitled to receive and pay for license for one quarter, but for no shorter period; and if any license payable quarterly is not paid within fifteen days of the commencement of the quarter, or within fifteen days of the commencement of business, an additional tax of one dollar is hereby added to be collected with the original amounts; and whenever any license for a less time than a quarter is not paid at the Collector's office before the time set for the performance, show or exhibition, or commencement of the business, the Collector shall proceed to collect the same prior to the commencement of the performance or business, and may collect the further sum of two dollars for the trouble in making said collection; and it is hereby made the duty of the Town Collector, when licenses are not paid within the said fifteen days, to make, or cause to be made, the necessary complaints, and proceed to collect the same by suit.

SEC. 15. In every instance where in this ordinance it is provided that the amount of license shall be regulated by the monthly receipts, or sales, or by the value per month of business transacted, or when the amount of license is regulated by any other computation of the value of business, it is hereby made the duty of the person who is required to procure such license, to show by affidavit to the Town Collector the amount of business per month for the next previous three months; *provided*, said business has been transacted during that time, and if not, from the best information to be obtained, which affidavit shall set forth the amount of sales and receipts of merchants and others; and in cases of hotel keepers and persons whose business is computed by the number of persons entertained at public houses, shall set forth the number of persons so entertained. When such license is required by a partnership, it shall be the duty of one member of such partnership, or in the absence of all partners, the book-keeper, to make and tender such affidavit to the Town Collector; and in the case of a corporation, it shall be the duty of the president, cashier, treasurer, secretary or managing agent of said corporation to make and tender such affidavit to the Collector.

SEC. 16. If any person, party or corporation fail, neglect or refuse to render a statement under oath to the Town Collector of their monthly sales or business, as required in section fifteen of this ordinance, or refuse to pay the license imposed by this ordinance, the Town Collector shall immediately proceed to collect the same according to law.

SEC. 17. If any person shall furnish such evidence as shall satisfy the President and Clerk of the Board of Town Trustees, that he or she, by reason of misfortune or physical infirmities, merits exemption from the provisions of any section of this ordinance, a free or gratuitous license may issue to such party; said license to bear the signatures of the President and Clerk.

SEC. 18. Any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this ordinance, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding six months, or by fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Approved, June 8th, 1874.

E. BYNUM, President.

D. M. BURNS, Clerk. jel1-1t

Commodious House and Lot FOR SALE!

The large, well-located house formerly occupied by its owner, NATHAN ELLIOTT, on Fourth, north of Main street, is offered for sale on reasonable terms. The house is now occupied by two families, and is well calculated for a Boarding House. For particulars enquire of C. L. BEACH, at his wagon shop, opposite the Exchange Hotel, Woodland. je12-tf

DR. E. A. GORDON,

KNIGHTS LANDING,

Offers his professional services to the citizens of that vicinity. Orders left at P. S. Glasscock's Drug Store will be promptly attended to. je12-3m

New Advertisements.

LARGE

Credit Sale

For 90 Days

AT THE

White House

A. ALEXANDER,

—DEALER IN—

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

ETC.,

Sells First-Class Goods

—AT—

BOTTOM PRICES!

—AND WILL—

DUPLICATE

Any bill sold by any other house in my line and Discount it

Five per cent. on Time, or Eight per cent. for Cash.

A. ALEXANDER,

White House,

je12 WOODLAND.

Supervisors' Announcement.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, } ss.
County of Yolo.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT AT A MEETING of the Board of Supervisors of said county, held on the 9th day of June, A.D. 1874, being a day of the regular June meeting of said Board, the returns of elections held in Putah, Buckeye, Cottonwood and Fairview Townships on the 6th day of June, 1874, under the provisions of an Act entitled "An Act to permit the voters of every Township or Incorporated City in this State to vote on the question of granting license to sell intoxicating liquors," were canvassed with the following result:

PUTAH TOWNSHIP.

	For License.	Against License.
North Putah Precinct	119	94
South " "	17	22
Total vote	136	116

Majority in Township for License 20

FAIRVIEW TOWNSHIP.

	For License.	Against License.
North Grafton Precinct	16	26
Fairview Precinct	4	28
Total vote	20	54

Majority in Township against License 34

COTTONWOOD TOWNSHIP.

	For License.	Against License.
E. Cottonwood Precinct	84	72
W. Cottonwood Precinct	50	48
Total vote	134	120

Majority in Township for License 14

BUCKEYE TOWNSHIP.

	For License.	Against License.
	81	58

Majority in Township for License 23

Attest, D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.
By D. M. BURNS, Deputy.
je12-1t my15-1d

Administrator's Sale.

Estate of John Taylor, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT pursuant to an order of the Probate Court of Yolo County, California, duly made and entered on the 9th day of June, A.D., 1874, I, G. M. Lowrey, Administrator of the Estate of JOHN TAYLOR, deceased, will sell at Public Auction to the highest bidder for cash, in United States gold coin, all the real estate of said deceased situated in said Yolo Co., and described as follows, to-wit: "The south half (½) of the southeast quarter (¼) and the south half (½) of the southwest quarter (¼) of section five (5), in township seven (7) north, of range three (3) east, containing one hundred and sixty acres, and the southeast quarter (¼) of section eight (8), in township seven (7) north, range three (3) east, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres."

Terms of Sale.—Twenty-five per cent. of purchase price to be paid on day of sale, the remainder upon confirmation of such sale by the said Probate Court. Said sale will be held upon the above described premises on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-NINTH day of JULY, 1874, at 1 o'clock P.M. of that day.

je12-4t G. M. LOWREY, Administrator.

Notice to Contractors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SEALed proposals will be received by the Board of Supervisors of Yolo County, until JULY FIRST, 1874, AT 2 O'CLOCK P. M., for the construction of a Bridge across Willow Slough, near Kirkham's. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Clerk's office, in Woodland. Bids to be for warrants drawn on the Contingent Fund. Bonds in double the amount of the contract price to accompany bids. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.
By D. M. BURNS, Deputy.
je12-td

WOODLAND AGENCY

—OF—

Ætna Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

CASH CAPITAL ..... $3,000,000.
ASSETS, Market Value ..... 5,845,802.

ALSO, OF

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

CASH CAPITAL ..... $1,000,000.
ASSETS, Market Value, over ..... 2,500,000.

OFFICE AT

Simpson's Drug Store,

MAIN ST., WOODLAND,

☞ RISKS TAKEN AT CURRENT RATES.

J. L. SIMPSON, Agent.

my22-3m

ICE DEPOT.

We are the Agents in Woodland for the

PACIFIC ICE COMPANY,

Napa and other kinds of Soda,

Which will be supplied to order.

L. DRYFUS & CO.

my8-3m

ESTRAY HORSES.

Came into my enclosure, five miles and a-half southwest of Woodland, May 28th, two three-year old horse colts, one a light brown with a roman nose and small white stripe on nose; the other is a light bay with no particular marks. The owner is requested to take them away immediately.

je5-2w N. GRAYSON.

House for Sale—A Bargain.

Lot 60 by 190, Court street, between Mill and Court House, all fenced with pickets, and good Barn on it. Also, a No. 1 seven-octave Boston PIANO for sale. Apply to

my3-tf L. MACHEFERT, Jeweler, Main street.

H. WACHHORST,

IMPORTING WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,

79 J street, Sacramento,

BET. THIRD AND FOURTH,

Invites attention to his

Magnificent Stock of Genuine Sterling Silverware.

Ornamented and for the Table—925 fine, warranted to retain its beautiful whiteness and not change to a greyish shade like coin quality of Silver Forks and Spoons.

JEWELRY. My selection is one of the rarest and most valuable in the State, in Diamond Sets, Stone Cameo, Amethyst, Coral and Solid Gold Sets.

RINGS. An endless variety of every description, from Plain Solid Gold to the most elegant Diamond Settings.

CHAINS. Opera, Neck Opera Guard, Chatelain, and Vest Chains, all the new elegant patterns.

SUNDRIES. Lockets, Charms, Seals, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, Collar Buttons, Gents' Gold Headed Walking Canes, etc.

WATCHES. Chronometers, Chronographs, (quarter and one-fifth second) for timing horses, fine English and Swiss watches, American watches from the best manufactories, which I will forward to any part of the country at factory prices.

CLOCKS. From the plainest to the finest French Pendules.

DEALERS In these articles from the interior will be allowed a liberal discount.

Orders Promptly Filled.

Chronometers, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired by the best workmen and warranted.

My customers enjoy this advantage, I purchase my goods for cash from the factories and sell cheaper than any other dealer here.

Remember the Sign of the Town Clock.

79 J street, between 3d and 4th.

mh20-3m

M. W. THOMAS.

GENERAL COLLECTING

—AND—

INSURANCE AGENT

OFFICE:

At Reindollar's Drug Store,

WOODLAND, CAL.

Having been for several months past successfully engaged in the above lines of business, I have determined to continue the same permanently. Prompt attention given to collecting Notes, Accounts, etc.

Fire and Life Insurance

Policies issued in reliable companies at reasonable rates.

Business attended to with dispatch in town or country.

☞ Orders left at the Store will receive immediate attention.

WOODLAND, November 5th, 1873. my7-3m2p

Boot & Shoe Store

L. KAMINSKY & CO., Proprietors.

For the Latest Styles, Best Assortment and Lowest Prices!

—OF—

BOOTS & SHOES

CALL AT THE

BOOT AND SHOE STORE!

Ordinary Repairing to All Our Goods Free of Charge.

We Call Particular Attention to our Own Made Boots and Shoes.

my27-3m

TO TAXPAYERS!

ASSESSOR'S NOTICE!

All property owners in Yolo County are hereby notified that they are required to make a sworn statement of all property, both Personal and Real, owned or claimed by them, or which is in their possession, or which is held in trust by any other person for their benefit. (See Sections 3,628, 3,618, Political Codes.)

Poll and Road Taxes Now Due.

Unless Poll and Road Taxes are paid before becoming delinquent, THREE DOLLARS EACH will have to be paid, and it becomes a lien upon property.

Personal Property Taxes Now Due.

Taxes on Personal Property are now due and payable to the Assessor or his Deputies.

J. J. AMMONS,
ap24 Assessor of Yolo County.

A. D. PORTER. T. B. PORTER.

PORTER & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

GROCERS!

—AND—

Dealers in Produce Generally.

MAIN ST., WOODLAND,

je6-3m

EL DORADO LIVERY STABLES!

POCKMAN & BRO.,

(Successors to Hubbard & Sill)

Have become the Proprietors of these celebrated Livery, Sale and Boarding Stables, and are prepared to furnish on short notice any kind of turn-out desired—Saddle Horses, Single or Double Buggies, Carriages or Barouches, and will furnish drivers if desired.

Horses Boarded by the day, week or month.

ap17-3m POCKMAN & BRO., Proprietors.

Real Estate! Real Estate!

SELL YOUR LANDS THROUGH

ALVA UDELL & CO.,

DEALERS IN

LANDS, GRAIN, WOOL AND FAT STOCK,

Office: Opposite Capital Hotel, Woodland. tf ap3

HEADER FOR SALE.

A good second-hand Header can be had on reasonable terms by applying soon at the Woodland Market. je5

PURE Lard Oil, Chinese Nut Oil, Castor Oil at E. BYNUM & CO'S.

District Court Summons.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE SIXTH Judicial District, State of California, County of Yolo.

DAVID N. HERSHEY, Plaintiff, against J. L. and WM. WILKERSON, Defendants.

The People of the State of California send greeting to J. L. WILKERSON and WM. WILKERSON:

You are hereby summoned to appear and answer the complaint of DAVID N. HERSHEY in said Court filed against you, within ten days from the service of this writ, exclusive of the day of service, if served on you in this county; if served out of this county, but within this Judicial District, within twenty days; but if served on you without said District, then in forty days from such service, exclusive of the day of service, in an action commenced on the Fifth day of May, 1874, in said Court.

Said action is brought to recover judgment upon two promissory notes executed by defendants herein to Plaintiff, amounting to the sum of Fifteen hundred and fifteen dollars ($1,515) gold coin at this date and for costs of suit, and you are hereby notified, that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as directed, plaintiff will take judgment by default against you for the sum of Fifteen hundred and fifteen dollars ($1,515.)

In testimony whereof, I, D. SCHINDLER, Clerk of the Sixth Judicial District Court aforesaid, do hereunto set my hand and affix the Seal of said Court, at office in Woodland, this Fifth day of May, A.D. 1874.

[L.S.] D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.
By D. M. BURNS, Deputy.
Attest: A true copy. ap24-2m

Merritt Island Reclamation District, No. 150.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL land owners in said District that the Commissioners have this day filed in my office an ASSESSMENT LIST of lands of the District in Yolo County, showing the names of owners, the tracts of land assessed, the acres in each tract, the rate of assessment, and the amount due from each owner.

The said list will remain in my office for THIRTY DAYS from the date of the filing, and during that time any person assessed can pay the amount to me without cost. But if at the end of the said thirty days, all of said tax has not been paid, the said list will be returned to the District Attorney, who will proceed against all delinquents in the same manner as provided by law for the collection of State and County taxes. A. C. KEAN,

County Treasurer.

Woodland, May 25th, 1874. my23-5t

Notice to Contractors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SEALed proposals will be received by the Board of Supervisors of Yolo county, and Supervisor Cloutman acting for the Board of Supervisors of Solano county, until JUNE 15TH, 1874, at 2 P.M., for the construction of two bridges on the township line between Yolo and Solano counties, five miles southeast of Davisville. Bids to be by the running foot. Plans and specifications may be seen at Terrill & Williams' store, Davisville, Yolo county. All bids to be for Gold Coin. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

D. SCHINDLER, Clerk.
By D. M. BURNS, Deputy.
May 14th, 1874. my15 td

Notice to Creditors!

Estate of John Dennis, deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE Creditors of, and all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, to exhibit the same, with the necessary vouchers, to the undersigned at the late residence of said deceased, within ten months from the first publication of this notice.

Woodland, May 15th, 1874.

SARAH DENNIS,
Administrator of said Estate.

FROST & BUSH,
Attorneys for Admipistratrix. my15-5t

Don't buy Eastern Wagons

When you can

BUY CALIFORNIA-MADE

CHEAPER THAN IMPORTED,

The undersigned has for sale

100 Carriages,

BUGGIES,

Farm & Spring Wagons,

ALL MANUFACTURED

BY YOLO COUNTY MECHANICS!

FROM THE BEST MATERIALS,

—AND—

Warranted.

☞ If anything about them proves defective it will be repaired without expense to the purchaser.

TERMS—Cash, or time at low rates of interest. Apply to

GEO. D. FISKE & CO.,

P. O. BUILDING, WOODLAND,

P.S.—Examine before purchasing elsewhere. my15-1m

ADAMS, McNEIL & Co.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

COR. FRONT & L STREETS,

SACRAMENTO,

—IMPORTERS OF—

FINE JAPAN TEAS,
WHITTAKER'S STAR HAMS,
EVANS BROS.' BEE HIVE HAMS AND BACON,
BANNER HAMS,
FAIRBANK PECK & COS. LARD—All sizes,
PROCTOR & GAMBLE'S Do. Do.,
TOBACCOS, Direct from Factory, including
GOODWIN'S "WELCOME,"
ANDERSON'S "SOLACE," 6 and 12 inch Twists, Camp Duff, Navies, 1's and 2's Fine Cut, Chewing and Smoking—All Styles and Grades.
W. A. GAINES' KENTUCKY WHISKIES,
BACKHAM BROS.' celebrated Gold Dust do,
B. MARSHALL'S "Old Crow" and other brands.

Stock Always Full and Complete,

—AND—

PRICES AT THE BOTTOM OF THE MARKET.

mh20-3m

LADIES' FAIR!

The Ladies of the Catholic Church of Woodland will give a

CHURCH FESTIVAL

—IN—

WASHINGTON HALL,

TO COMMENCE

June 25th, and Continue Three Days,

IN AID OF THE BUILDING FUND,

In the hope of being able to erect a

NEW CHURCH EDIFICE

On the ground recently purchased, near the site of the old Church.

Good Piano and Vocal Music will be among the features, and a great variety of articles will be offered for sale.

Ice Cream, Strawberries and other refreshments will be supplied. The public are respectfully invited. my23-1d

The Yolo Democrat.

Friday, June 12th, 1874.

Agents for the Yolo Democrat.

THOMAS BOYCE, L. P. FISHER, BEAN & Co., and W. B. LAKE are authorized agents of this paper at San Francisco.

GEORGE P. ROWELL & Co., 41 Park Row, are our authorized agents in New York.

LOCAL AGENTS:

D. B. GOODE.....Agent at Large.
J. J. AMMONS.....do do
M. W. THOMAS.....do do
R. R. DARBY.....Cottonwood.
HARLING, WELCH & Co.....Buckeye.
J. W. SNOWBALL.....Knight's Landing.
A. J. HALL.....Cacheville.
JUDGE J. ONEAL.....Davisville.
W. M. GREEN.....Washington.

Town and County Matters

STAR (*) NOTICES in the local column will hereafter be charged 10 cents a line for the first, and 5 cents a line for each subsequent insertion.

Board of Supervisors.

Pursuant to adjournment, the Board met June 8th — all present.

Bids for building two bridges across Putah Creek, county line between Yolo and Solano, were opened and contract awarded to J. L. Morgan at $6 per foot, gold coin, Morgan to file bond in sum of $2,500 by 2 o'clock P. M.

Order passed reorganizing all the election precincts in the county.

Local Option returns canvassed. See "Supervisors' Announcement" for particulars.

County Auditor was authorized to draw warrant on Hospital Fund in favor of Mrs. L. Buckman, indigent, for $12 monthly.

Lease to H. Stegall for room in basement of Court House annulled.

Contract awarded to J. H. Brogan for interment of county dead, at the rate of $14 each.

In matter of Hiddleson road, Mr. M. Horton was allowed $50 damages, and road ordered opened.

County Surveyor directed to survey and define line of Washington and Foothills road from the Russell bridge to the school house; also, the line of Hungry Hollow road.

See "Notice to Contractors" in regard to building bridge across Willow Slough at Kirkham's.

J. L. Morgan having failed to file bond, Clerk directed to advertise for proposals to build two bridges across Putah Creek; bids to be open July 13th.

Adjourned to July 1st.

THE GREAT AMPHITHEATRE AND CIRCUS.—Everybody has heard of Wilson's Circus. Well, it is advertised to be in this place to-morrow and give two exhibitions—afternoon and evening—on the depot grounds, where there is plenty of room. This company travels by railroad only, having engaged a special train for that purpose. The performers, clowns and performing animals are of the very first order, and certainly ahead of anything that ever appeared on this coast. The Pavilion Tent is very large and will accommodate all the immense crowd that will be sure to attend.

ÆTNA AND HARTFORD.—J. L. Simpson is the local agent for these old, reliable first-class insurance companies which represent a combined capital of over $8,000,000. No combustible property (as every man knows) is safe from loss by fire, especially at this dry season of the year. Farmers who have not done so should at once insure their buildings and crops. There are no better or more reliable companies than these, and Mr. Simpson will insure at current rates. See his card, headed "Woodland Agency."

EXPRESS OFFICE.—An effort has been making recently to have a change made in the Express office at this place with a view not only to moving the office but to substituting another agent also. So far as we are aware, Mr. Moses has given universal satisfaction to the public, and we should be sorry to see a change. As we go to press (Thursday evening) there has been no change.

WOMEN ELECTIONEERING.—At Fairview the women turned out on Local Option election day, and no doubt helped to carry the day against license. In Davisville they also worked manfully, but did not succeed as well. We have not learned whether the polling places in Buckeye and Cottonwood were graced by the presence of ladies.

CLOSE OF TERM.—Professor Connor's writing school closed on Wednesday evening last, when prizes were awarded as follows: For greatest improvement, Miss Maggie Johnston, $5.00; finest specimen of writing, Miss Susie L. Riddle, a handsome book. Miss Riddle has taken this prize twice in succession.

MORE LUMBER.—The bark Forest Queen, from Port Ludlow, Puget Sound, June 1st, arrived at Vallejo yesterday with a cargo of 300,000 feet of pine lumber for Ruggles & Davis. The same firm have just received a supply of No. 1 posts.

DR. GORDON.—We call attention to the card of this gentleman in another column. During his residence at the Landing he has won the confidence of the people and established an enviable reputation as a skillful physician.

BANK DIVIDEND.—At a semi-annual meeting of the Directors of the Bank of Woodland held on Saturday last, a dividend of one and one-eighth per cent. per month was declared for the six months ending June 1st 1874.

INDEPENDENCE BALL.—We are requested to announce that arrangements have been made for a grand ball at Turners' Hall on the coming Fourth. Particulars hereafer.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.—See advertisement of house and lot for sale, for which Mr. C. L. Beach is the agent.

HORSE FOR SALE.—A good horse for all work for sale. Inquire at this office. 1m*29

FOR THE very best Photographs, go to Bradley and Rulofson's Gallery with an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Reply of the Town Marshal

To the Ladies of the Temperance Association of Woodland.

To Mrs. R. G. Frost, Mrs. C. L. Cross, Mrs. Dr. Ross and others, Ladies of the town of Woodland, and members of the Ladies' Temperance Association:

The undersigned acknowledges the receipt of your communication recently addressed to him in his official capacity, as "Constable of Cache Creek Township, and Marshal of the Town of Woodland."

In that communication you inform me "That notwithstanding the fact that about four weeks have elapsed since the result of the vote was declared, making it unlawful to sell, dispose of, or give away within the Town of Woodland any intoxicating liquors in quantities less than five gallons, there are about twenty-five saloons in said town where the law is openly and notoriously violated." You then turn your attention upon so unworthy an individual as myself and say, "We look to you, as a duly constituted Peace Officer, as specially charged with the duty of seeing to the enforcement of the law."

With all due deference to the spirit which inspired your communication, and recognizing the utility and widespread notoriety of the "Ladies Temperance Association of Woodland," allow me to say, ladies, that you have exacted of me a task far beyond and without my duties, either as Constable or Marshal of the Town of Woodland. In my official capacity I have no authority under the law known as the "Local Option Law" to shut up a saloon, or to adjudge a person guilty of a misdemeanor who keeps such a house open for the transaction of business therein; neither is it incumbent upon me to become both informer and executive officer under the law.

Be assured, ladies, that whenever a warrant of arrest is placed in my hands for service, emanating from a legal tribunal, I shall execute the same at all hazards; and whenever, permit me to say it with all due respect, either of the ladies whose names are subscribed to your communication shall complain, or cause on information a complaint to be made of the violation of the law referred to, I will execute the prescript of the law, and arrest the offender, though he or she should seek protection under the sympathies of the fair ladies of the Town of Woodland.

Be assured further, ladies, that your humble servant has at all times been obedient to the behests and commands of those who represent the purer and better portion of humanity, especially when those commands are breathed in a prayer, and come to me intoned and modulated by the "low, sweet voice" of so many of Woodland's fairest daughters.

Therefore I will, in obedience to the prayer contained in your communication, officially inform the "saloon keepers to desist from violating the law, and will also "notify them that in case they persist in violating the law, prosecution will be immediately commenced."

If, therefore, after having been notified to desist, they still persist in setting at naught the "Local Option" of the Town of Woodland, then let the consequences fall upon their guilty heads.

I am, ladies, with great respect, your obedient servant,

JOHN WEBBER,
Constable and Marshal of Woodland.
June 11th, 1874.

"NOTHING LIKE IT."—"Like What?" the reader may ask. Our reply is, "the Seal Oleum, the great specific for all kinds of pains or aches, sprains or bruises in either man or beast." We do not beleive in puffing every nostrum that is offerd to the public, but when a real good article is brought prominently to our attention we feel like letting people know where they can obtain it. We have had a personal interview with Mr. T. H. Jackson, the proprietor of the "Seal Oleum," and have every reason to believe his liniment will do all that he claims for it. It is manufactured from seal oil and sold at 25 and 50 cts. per bottle. To be had at the drug stores. Orders may be addressed to E. P. Fellows & Co., 318 Clay street, San Francisco.

CERTIFICATES.—The Board of Examiners was in session this week and granted nine certificates, as follows: First Grade—J. W. Goin, H. M. Goin, Stephen Fisher and Katie Fisher; Second Grade—Ada Langill and Frankie Woods; Third Grade—Favalia Hafky, Ruth Lucas and Nannie Lucas.

CHANGES.—A. B. Shearer has resigned the position of Station Agent at this place and taken the one of book-keeper with Messrs. Thomas & Hunt. He is succeeded at the Depot by his brother, Ed. S. Shearer, late of Roseville.

MORE NEW GOODS.—The new advertisement of Nicklesburg Bros. appears to-day. They have received a large assortment of fashionable and seasonable goods, to which they invite especial attention. my29 3w*

DROWNED.—Two boys about ten years of age named Buchanan and Fleury, were drowned the other day in a pond near Washington in this county.

WHAT'S THE MATTER?—In commenting upon the "happiness" of married life, the last number of the *Mail* says "it is generally overrated."

PASTURAGE.—Those desiring pasture for stock can be accommodated on reasonable terms by applying to W. T. Hunt. je5-4w*

No. 6.—We call attention to this Ordinance. It relates to Town licences in general.

Postage on Newspapers, Etc.

The following is the latest development in regard to the action Congress is likely to take upon the subject of newspaper and periodical postage, as telegraphed from Washington June 6th.

The House Postoffice Committee have agreed to report a bill providing that in all newspaper and periodical publications mailed from a known office of publication, or news agency, and all addressed to regular subscribers or news agents, the postage shall be charged at the following rates: Newspapers and periodicals—publications issued weekly and more frequently than once a week, one cent and a half; on those issued less frequently than once a week, three cents for each pound or fraction thereof. On receipt of such papers and periodicals at the office of mailing, they are to be weighed in bulk, and postage paid thereon by a special adhesive stamp. One copy to each actual subscriber residing within the county where printed, in whole or in part, and published, go free through the mails, but the same shall not be delivered at a letter-carrier's office or distributed by carriers, unless postage is paid thereon as by law provided; and newspapers and magazines reciprocally interchanged between publishers, not exceeding fifteen ounces in weight, to be confined to a single copy of each publication, go free through the mails. All mailable matter of the third class may weigh not exceeding four pounds for each package thereof, and postage shall be charged thereon at the rate of one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof; but nothing herein contained shall be held to change or amend Section 134 of said Act. Affidavits are to be made by publishers or news agents to secure their adherence to these provisions, for the violation of which penalties are prescribed.

FRANCE, notwithstanding the late war, makes a financial exhibit rivaling that of England. Her revenue is the largest of any other nation, that of Great Britain standing second; of Russia third and of the United States fourth. The debt of Great Britain is greater than that of France, but her revenues are so well managed that her credit is good, and she is now enabled almost every year to make some small reduction in the burden of taxation.

THE following are the Mexican grants covering a large portion of the county of Ventura: Simi, 119, 000 acres; Conejo, 50,000; Guadalas, 40,000; Calegua, 10,000; Las Posas, 28,000; Santa Clara Del Norte, 15,000; San Miguel, 7,000; Sespe, 25,000; ex-Mission, 25,000; Ojai, 15,000; Santa Ana, 25,000; San Miguelito, 10,000; Canada Larga, 8,000; El Rincon, 9,000; San Francisquito 8,000, and a small tract belonging to the Temescal grant.

THE Marysville bag factory has already sold over 100,000 grain sacks for July and August delivery. Mr. Pierce is now in the Atlantic States visiting the cotton mills both East and South with the view of purchasing cotton goods for flour bags. In the fall he goes to Dundee, in Scotland, to purchase burlaps for grain bags for next year's trade.

THE AMERICAN SARDINE Co.'s Boneless Sardines, are much better, and less than half the cost of imported Sardines.

BORN.

In Woodland, June 4th, 1874, to the wife of George W. Green, a Daughter.

MARRIED.

In Woodland, June 8th, by Rev. Mr. Burns, Mr. W. L. Ogburn to Miss Josephine Dill, all of Woodland.

A goodly supply of rich cake and wine found its way to our sanctum with the above notice. The happy pair have our best wishes for a long and prosperous life of unalloyed happiness.

At the residence of George Woodward, near Cacheville, June 4th, by Judge J. A. Hutton, Mr. Amos W. Gable and Miss Mary Gottwals.

At Oat Valley, Yolo County, on Sunday, June 7th, by Hon. J. A. Hutton, Mrs. James Parker and Miss Nellie Earl.

PAIN-KILLER.—The universal remedy for Internal and External Complaints. At this period there are but few of the human race unacquainted with the merits of the Pain-Killer; —but while some extol it as a liniment, they know but little of its power in easing pain when taken internally, while others use it internally with great success, but are equally ignorant of its healing virtues when applied externally. We therefore wish to say to all that it is equally successful whether used internally or externally, and it stands alone unrivalled by all the great catalogue of Family Medicines, and its sale is universal and immense. The demand for it from India and other foreign countries is equal to the demand at home, and it has become known in these far off countries by its merits.

A CARD.

Something Wrong in Yolo.

Citizens of Yolo county will remember that, in company with J. K. Smith, I was for some years engaged in the undertaker's and furniture business in Woodland. It is also well known that Smith and myself amicably dissolved partnership; but it was not a publicly advertised matter that we promised each other that while I should continue the business as an undertaker, Smith should run his establishment as a furniture store. This was the bargain between us. Shortly after the dissolution of the copartnership, Smith, in apparent forgetfulness of his agreement, added to his establishment the undertaker's business. Next we find the gentleman a member of the Board of Supervisors. During the copartnership we had been burying the Yolo county dead at the rate of $25 per head, under a contract with the Board; which contract, by the way, has never been annulled, except by a verbal intimation to me from said Smith. In view of this verbal intimation I recently submitted a written proposal to the Board of Supervisors, reciting the facts of the still existing contract, and offering to enter into a new contract to bury all the county dead at $8 per head. This proposition was laid before the Board, but I did not attend at the last session of that honorable body to lobby it, as I supposed it utterly improbable that the subject would be considered. The Board met, transacted all the other business before it, and failed entirely to give any consideration to my proposition. With my quondam partner, now my rival in business, sitting as a member of that Board, the inference is inevitable that the strange obliquity of the Board must have been occasioned by improper influences. My understanding of the matter is, that the very least the Board should have done in the case would have been to consider my proposal and either accept or reject it; or, if there had been any doubts as to its being a measure of economy, make an order inviting competitive proposals. But "Mordecai sat at the gate," and some silent, or at least secreted, influence was against me.

What will come next? Will the Board count my offer as nothing and listen to the persuasive whispers of my opponent in business, sitting as a member of the Board, and keep the business within a ring? We shall see. In the meantime the action of the Board thus far looks suspicious, and I feel authorized to invite the honest people of Yolo county to watch with me for the sequel to this sinister-looking move, and to remember that one member of the Board (that old-time partner of mine) is my rival in business and running against me in the teeth of a promise to the contrary.

I shall, with all proper and honest diligence carry on my business in Woodland, and shall be at no pains to conceal the fact that there is somewhere "a screw loose," either in the conduct of the Board of Supervisors or J. K. Smith, Supervisor, undertaker, etc.

J. H. BROGAN.
Woodland, May 15, 1874. my15-20je12

New Arrival

.....OF.....

DRY GOODS.

500 PIECES OF

The Best Selected Calicos

That ever was in this Town!

French Calicos!

Warranted Fast Colors and of the Neatest Patterns.

2,000 YARDS OF

IRON GRENADINE

In all imaginable styles,

Only 25c. per yard—worth 50c.

STRIPED AND LACE ORGANDIES,

Directly Imported from France,

STRIPED, FIG'D AND PLAIN

Nainsooks,
Lawns,
Bishop Lawns,
Victoria Lawns,
Mulled Swiss, Dress Linen

—AND—

GRASS CLOTH,

In all shades, and an endless variety of Novelties in

FANCY GOODS!

Besides a great many other articles—too numerous to mention.

☞ Now, as our stock is full in all departments, our patrons will do well to avail themselves of good selections.

Our Prices Defy All and Every Competition.

☞ *PLEASE GIVE US A CALL.*

A. NICKELSBURG & BRO.,

my29 3m OPP. COLLEGE, WOODLAND.

C. L. BEACH.

(Late of BEACH, SOVEREIGN & CO.) will continue the business of manufacturing

Wagons, Carriages & Buggies!

He will hereafter be found in the blacksmith shop of D. Dunphey, opposite the Exchange Hotel, Main street, Woodland.

MR. BEACH is an old and experienced workman at the business, and he has now a large stock of new material, selected with care and especially adapted to this market.

GENERAL JOBBING

Done at reasonable rates. Call and leave your orders and they will be promptly filled.

☞ By strict attention to business I hope to continue to receive a liberal share of patronage. I have for sale, at good bargains, a number of

Header Wagons, Spring Wagons, Buggies and Lumber Wagons

of my own manufacture, and made of the best of seasoned material. C. L. BEACH.
my6-3m

Independent Express and

ACCOMMODATION TO

LANGVILLE,

VIA COTTONWOOD.

We have established an Independent Express and Accommodation Line to Langville, at the mouth of Capay Valley, via Cottonwood, for the benefit of the traveling public, running one conveyance daily (Sunday excepted), as follows: Leaves Woodland every morning at 7 o'clock. Returning, leaves Langville at 12:15 P.M., arriving at Woodland at 3 P.M., making connection with the 3½ P.M. train for the south.

OFFICES, at the City Livery Stable, Woodland; at Levy's Store, at Langville, and at the Postoffice at Cottonwood, where all orders left will be promptly attended to.

McHENRY & HUBBARD, Prop's.
Woodland, April 23d, 1874. ap24-3m

A SUCCESSFUL INVENTION.

RUNNEL & COOPER'S

Tunnel Clothes Washer!

J. C. SMITH,

Of Woodland, has purchased the right for selling the above machine in Yolo County and has introduced it to some extent in this place.

For Sale at Porter & Co's Store.

Machine and Family Right, $6.

Address, J. C. SMITH,
ap24-3m Woodland.

DAVID G. GORDON,

Has opened a

Blacksmith and Wagon Shop,

—AT THE—

MOUTH OF CACHE CREEK CAÑON,

And is prepared to do all kinds of work in that line—both wood and iron—and respectfully solicits the patronage of the public in that part of the county. Also repair all kinds of Machinery, and do a general jobbing business. All work done in the best style and warranted.
ap16-3m

CHANGED HANDS!

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE HOTEL

Has changed proprietors. FURNISS & BEMIS will run this hotel

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN!

Furniss, who is well and favorably known throughout the county as a first-class hotel man, will personally superintend the Dining Room and Cooking Department, and assures his guests that no pains will be spared in making this the most pleasant hotel in Woodland.
ap5-3m **FURNISS & BEMIS.**

AT THE

Ladies' Bazaar

THE BEST ASSORTMENT

—OF—

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S BOOTS & SHOES

TO BE FOUND

In Woodland!

LADIES' BUTTON BOOTS!

CHILDREN'S

Button and Polish Boots

IN ALL COLORS AND SIZES.

OUR STOCK OF

BOYS BOOTS AND SHOES!

We will Sell at Cost!

As we wish to Close Out this line of Goods!

UNDERWEAR

—AND—

INFANTS' WARDROBES!

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Ladies' and Children's Hose!

EMBROIDERIES,

WORSTEDS,

CANVAS,

—AND—

A VARIETY OF

FANCY AND USEFUL ARTICLES!

STAMPING FOR EMBROIDERY.

Agents for Wheeler & Wilson's Machines.

Attachments and Needles for Sale.
my20-3m

Dissolution of Partnership

We beg leave to inform the public of Yolo County that we are about to dissolve partnership and to close out our stock of

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES!

HATS AND CAPS!

And also our EXTENSIVE STOCK of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS!

And in order to do so we offer goods

At Greatly Reduced Prices!

ALL WHO WANT TO GET

Good Bargains!

In the Clothing line will do well to

CALL EARLY!

We shall continue to keep on hand a

Full and Complete Stock

—OF—

DRESS GOODS

Introducing all the Novelties

—OF THE—

SPRING TRADE!

By confining our business to

Staple and Fancy Goods!

We believe we can give better satisfaction to our patrons than any other firm in Woodland. Thankful for past favors, we ask for a continuance of the same.

JACOBS, MEYERSON & CO.

P.S.—All persons indebted to us are requested to call and settle their old accounts without further notice.

WOODLAND, March 27th, 1874. my22-3m

Great Reduction!

AT THE GREAT

SAN FRANCISCO AUCTION STORE!

EXTRAORDINARILY LOW PRICES

AT THE GREAT

S. F. Auction Store.

The cheapest house in the State

—IS THE—

GREAT SAN FRANCISCO

AUCTION STORE

By strict attention to business, and fair dealing with all, we are doing the LEADING BUSINESS in

DRY GOODS!

CLOTHING!

HOSIERY, BOOTS & SHOES, HATS,

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

JEWELRY, CROCKERY and GLASSWARE,

TOBACCO, and thousands of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Keeping a buyer constantly in San Francisco, well supplied with funds, buying extensively when the market is depressed, and alike ready to take advantage of any emergency such as forced Bankrupt or Sheriff sales, we are in this way enabled at all times to keep on hand a full and

LARGE STOCK!

At Prices Less than the Manufacturing Cost!

Goods well bought are half sold, and as we are only buying seasonable and desirable goods, we would strongly recommend you to to call at the

Great San Francisco Auction Store,

And satisfy yourself that the Cheapest House in Woodland is the great

S. F. AUCTION STORE,

—UNDER THE—

ODDFELLOWS' HALL.

Where the Red Flag can be seen by all.

ap24-3m **L. GOSLINER & CO.**

THE STATE INVESTMENT

—AND—

INSURANCE COMPANY!

FIRE AND MARINE.

Cash Assets, - Over $350,000.

Principal Office, 409 California Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

OFFICERS:

PETER DONAHUE, *President.*
A. J. BRYANT, *Vice-President.*
CHARLES H. CUSHING, *Secretary.*

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Peter Donahue, H H Haight, C D O'Sullivan, J D Coughlin, R Harrison, A H Rutherford, John J Marks, E W Corbett, Geo O McMullin, A J Bryant, Frank M Pixley, E Burke, J W Nye, H H Watson, Alexander Austin, P J White, W A Piper, M Mayblum, Richard Ivers, John Rosenfeld.

P. H. Russell, *Sacramento*, Jno G Downey, F P F Temple, *Los Angeles*. Wm. Bihler *Sonoma County*. H W Searle, *Maysield*.

The State Investment Co. has no connection with Insurance Combinations; its business is transacted at the lowest paying rates of premium; each hazard is judged of by its own merits, and treated without reference to arbitrary rules or vexatious regulations.

M. W. THOMAS.

AGENT WOODLAND AND YOLO CO.,

OFFICE:

AT REINDOLLAR'S DRUG STORE

MAIN ST., WOODLAND. my1-3m

WAGON

—AND—

CARRIAGE-MAKING!

J. SOVEREIGN,

Late of the firm of BEACH, SOVEREIGN & Co., having opened a Shop in connection with HENRY PERRY'S BLACKSMITH SHOP, on First street, (rear of Bank of Woodland) takes this method of making his business known to the public, and respectfully solicits a share of their patronage.

All Kinds of Work

In my line will be promptly attended to.

I am also agent for the celebrated "Bain Wagon" and the "World Mower."

Also agent for

MATTISON & WILLIAMSON, of Stockton, For the sale of the "Stockton Chief" Header, the "American Chief" Gang Plow, Harrows, Cultivators, Derrick Forks, etc.

J. SOVEREIGN.
Woodland, March 25th, 1874. mh27-3m

At Cost,

FOR SIXTY DAYS!

AT SHARP & CO'S.

☞ **CARPETS!**

300 PIECES

NOW OPENING!

New and Elegant Styles!

115 and 117 J St., Sacramento.
mh20-3m

FRESH EASTERN OYSTERS!

Court House RESTAURANT.

H. STEGALL keeps constantly on hand Fresh Oysters, both Eastern and California, and has fitted up rooms in the basement for the comfort and accommodation of Ladies and Gentlemen. Families or parties supplied with Oysters during the season, on short notice.

Good Lunch Always Ready.
mh26-tf

C. H. DAVIS. JAS. VEIRS. WASH. LAMBERT

WOODLAND MEAT MARKETS.

CHAS. H. DAVIS & CO., Proprietors.

Good Beef,

MUTTON, VEAL,

PORK, SAUSAGE, SALT MEATS, ETC.,

Constantly on hand. ap10-3m

A Valuable Farm for Sale.

JAMES SMITH OFFERS HIS FARM of 113 acres, situated on Cache Creek, Yolo County, ten miles West of Woodland, and two miles North of Cottonwood, for sale—with or without crops. Title perfect. Terms of sale easy. For further particulars enquire on the premises.

April 24, 1874. JAMES SMITH.
ap5-3m

GEO. LEWALD & Co.,

(Successors to FLEISHMAN & KAUFMAN)

—DEALERS IN—

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

CROCKERY,

HARDWARE,

OILS, PAINTS

—AND—

WALL-PAPER!

☞ **Goods Sold on Favorable Terms.**
my1-3m

1840. 1874.

PAIN-KILLER,

THE GREAT

Family Medicine of the Age!

Taken Internally, it Cures

Dysentery, Cholera, Diarrhea, Cramp and Pain in the Stomach, Bowel Complaints, Painter's Colic, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used Externally it Cures

Boils, Felons, Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Old Sores, Sprains, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, Etc., Etc.

PAIN-KILLER,

After a thorough trial by innumerable living witnesses, has proved itself THE MEDICINE OF THE AGE. It is an internal and external remedy. One positive proof of its efficacy is, that its sales have constantly increased, and wholly upon its own merits. The effect of the

Pain-Killer

upon the patient when taken internally, in case of Cold, Cough, Bowel Complaint, Cholera, Dysentery, and other afflictions of the system, has been truly wonderful, and has won for it a name among medical preparations that can never be forgotten. Its success in removing pain, as an external remedy, in cases of Burns, Bruises, Sores, Sprains, Cuts, Stings of Insects, and other causes of suffering, has secured for it such a host of testimony, as an infallible remedy, that it will be handed down to posterity as one of the greatest medical discoveries of the nineteenth century.

The Pain-Killer

derives much of its popularity from the simplicity attending its use, which gives it a peculiar value in a family. The various diseases which may be reached by it, and in their incipient stages eradicated, are among those which are peculiarly fatal if suffered to run; but the curative magic of this preparation at once disarms them of their terrors. In all respects it fulfills the conditions of a popular medicine.

Be sure you call for and get the genuine Pain-Killer, as many worthless nostrums are attempted to be sold on the great reputation of this valuable medicine.

☞ Directions accompany each bottle.

Price 25 cts, 50 cts, and $1

PER BOTTLE.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers.
my29

Dr. Brenan.

DR. PAUL M. BRENAN,

Physician, Surgeon,

AND LECTURER, late of Philadelphia, the fountain head of all medical science in this country, who has spent the last thirteen years in traveling through all the principal cities in Europe and the United States, giving lectures and treating some of the most complicated and long-standing diseases, has now permanently located himself in the city of San Francisco, at

127 Montgomery Street,

Opposite the Occidental Hotel entrance. Although DR. BRENAN may differ considerably in his practice from many members of the Profession, yet he is possessed of the highest credentials from the most learned and celebrated Medical Colleges in the country; and all who have attended his lectures bear witness to the clear and lucid manner in which he defines every portion of the human frame, giving the reasons for the various diseases which the tissues of the human body are subject to, and illustrating every portion of the human system by the simple aid of a black board, thereby proving himself to be thoroughly acquainted with the anatomy of the human configuration. On these lectures the press of all our large cities have showered the highest encomiums of praise; and DR. BRENAN has been also greatly complimented by the leading physicians of the day. He has devoted much of his time and research to the diseases of the nervous system and reproductive organs, and also to general and nervous debility. And for this purpose DR. BRENAN spent several years in Paris, where the best facility is offered for the thorough investigation of the cause of these most complicated diseases. Nasal Catarrh and other diseases of the throat and chest have also been the subject of special lectures delivered throughout the country. The Doctor, therefore, offers his services with confidence to all the afflicted of humanity, who may suffer from any of the complaints incidental to the human frame. In addition to his own professional office and consultation room, the Doctor has also secured parlors affording every convenience for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen separately.

Office, 127 Montgomery street, opposite the Occidental Hotel Entrance. Office Hours—9 to 12 and 1 to 5; in the evening, 6 to 8.

Correspondence will be promptly answered, and a list of printed questions, forwarded to patients in any part of the United States, and by the answers DR. BRENAN can tell the disease almost as readily as by seeing the patient. Consultations at the office free. Post Office Box 291. mh12-3m

A. AITKEN. ISRAEL LUCE

AITKEN & LUCE,

Premium Pioneer Marble Works,

177 K ST., BETWEEN 6TH AND 7TH,

SACRAMENTO.

MONUMENTS, TOMB AND GRAVE STONES, MANTLES, TABLE TOPS, WASH STANDS, ETC., ETC.

All kinds of Work done in Indian Diggings, Italian and Vermont Marble. Marble at Wholesale and Retail.

JNO. H. BROGAN, Undertaker,

AGENT AT WOODLAND.
mh20-3m

JOHN BREUNER

Received the GOLD MEDAL at the STATE FAIR of 1873, for the best, largest and most elegant display of

Furniture.

He has a splendid stock of SOLID WALNUT BEDROOM SETS just received from the East, which he will sell at the very lowest rates.

BEDDING of all descriptions, and FURNITURE to suit all classes, keepers from the Country promptly filled.

JOHN BREUNER,
S. W. Cor. Sixth and K streets,
SACRAMENTO,
mh20-3m MASONIC BUILDING.

The Yolo Democrat.

Friday, June 12th, 1874.

Stop and Think.

Oh, how often are we thoughtless,
And how little do we care!
For the fate of those around us,
Or the burdens they may bear.
We forget that some are nearing
Dire perdition's awful brink;
And that we may help to save them,
If we will but stop and think!

If we'd think before we utter,
Words of censure, casting shame,
We might save ourselves from trouble,
And not cloud another's name.
We could make our lives much purer,
And from pleasure's cup oft drink;
If we were not quite so selfish,
And would only stop and think.

We must wage a constant warfare,
With our passions and our pride;
Never yielding to the evils,
That beset on every side,
To the right we must be faithful,
And from duty never shrink;
And when aught shall cross our pathway
We must learn to stop and think.

We can plainly see the atom,
That obstructs our brother's eye;
While our own great faults and failings
Seem to pass, unnoticed, by.
Though our sins may be far greater,
Yet we pass them with a wink;
And we often found complaining,
When we ought to stop and think!

If we'd meet the Judge with pleasure,
We must choose the path that's straight;
If we'd have eternal favor,
We must watch, and think, and wait,
We must learn to trust in Jesus,
And our own base nature sink;
And when tempests gather 'round us,
We must learn to stop and think!

General Items.

Los Gatos woolen mills, at Santa Clara, were destroyed by fire on Saturday night; loss $20,000.

There are 23 clerks employed in the office of the national grange, and a wagon load of mail is daily received.

Goldsmith Maid beat Copperbottom in three straight heats at Philadelphia, on Saturday, for $25,000. Best time, 2:24¾.

The directors of the Yuba county Farmers' Co-operative Union have purchased and are having made 90,000 grain sacks.

The Board of Supervisors of Colusa county have ordered a local option election on the twenty-fourth of June, in eight townships.

During the month of May, the coinage by the San Francisco Mint consisted almost entirely of Trade Dollars, amounting to $367,000.

The San Ramon Valley, Contra Costa county, farmers have purchased in Philadelphia 150 ounces of strychnine, of guaranteed strength to kill gophers.

The Co-operative Nursery and fruit Company of Los Angeles has incorporated. Already a million orange and one hundred thousand lime trees are being grafted for this company.

Silver can be easily cleaned with water in which pared potatoes have been boiled, and common salt will quickly remove egg-stains from silver spoons.

A bill has passed the House to compel the Pacific Railroad Companies to pay to the Government 5 per cent. of their net incomes. Also an amendment for the restoration of the income tax.

Ten children in five years and seven months! Hurrah for California! The wife of Thomas Curry of Mendocino county is the lady who produced this unexampled crop. Her fifth pair of twins were born on the 11th ult.

The Central Pacific Railroad Company announces that the fare to Yosemite has been reduced to $55, by way of Inspiration Point, and $52 50 by the way of Centerville. Return tickets cost $60, where the tourists take the choice of routes.

The latest report by telegraph with regard to the currency situation is that the Conference Committee has so far agreed as to settle upon the retirement of 37½ per cent. of the legal tenders, and the resumption of specie payment after January, 1878.

It is understood that out of the late railway conference at Ogden will soon come a revised and reduced list of freights and fares between California and the Atlantic seaboard, one of whose features will be a second-class fare or a fare between first-class and emigrant rates.

Reports from the Western States indicate the largest wheat crop this year ever gathered in that region. It is believed that the States of Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, and Nebraska will produce this Summer over 100,000,000 bushels of wheat, to say nothing of oats, barley, rye and corn.

What a foe the farmers have to contend against in the potato bug is shown by the experience of a man in Joliet, Ill. He placed some in a bottle eight months ago. They have been exposed to the extremes of Winter and Summer, have had nothing to eat, and are still living.

The capital invested in breweries in the United States is $99,000,000; in malthouses, $17,000,000; in barley lands, $44,500,000; hop lands, $1,500,000; total investment, $153,000,000. The amount of revenue paid to the Government in the last ten years by the brewers is over $62,250,000.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company are considering the advisability of running their steamers via Havana. This will add twenty-four hours to the time between Aspinwall and New York, but will add greatly to the revenues of the company and to the convenience of the traveling and commercial world.

In Switzerland there is a law, it is said, which compels every married couple to plant six trees immediately after the ceremony, and two on the birth of every child. They are planted on commons and near the roads, and being mostly fruit trees they are both useful and ornamental. The number planted amounts to 10,000 annually.

The San Jose *Mercury* says: The *Chronicle's* report of Victoria Woodhull's lecture, states that some of her expressions "made the reporters blush." We guess not. The reporters of the San Francisco dailies are not of the blushing kind. If Victoria can raise a blush on their checks she could make a redwood picket turn purple.

It pays to be an actress; that is if one is clever, like Patti, whose presents are said to represent a fabulous sum, and her jewelery case contains gifts from all the potentates of Europe. The sum she received in money for her past engagement in St. Petersburg, was 280,000 francs, and she is to receive for her next tour in the United States 1,000,000 francs for one hundred evenings.

Mr. Edward Sartoris, the father of the young man who is now President Grant's son-in-law, is a member of Parliament, and resides upon a fine estate in Hampshire. His family came originally from Sardinia, whence they were many years ago expelled because they were Huguenots. Young Sartoris is twenty-three years old. His elder brother was killed last year by a fall from his horse. There is an only sister, who is married and living in England.

It is estimated that $5,000,000 will hardly cover the loss in the United States in 1872-3, and this year, by forest fires. One of these fires, that began on the 28th of March, this year, near Farmingdale, on Long Island, was not burned out till it destroyed property worth $150,000. They usually begin in May or April, and continue till the frost and snow season, and are generally caused by sparks from locomotives or the burning wads from the guns of hunters.

The war on railroads by the farmers of the Western Atlantic States has brought poverty to the homes of many mechanics in the Middle States. It is estimated that 175,000 men usually employed in rolling mills and iron manufactories are out of employment, there being no demand for iron by the railroads, which have heretofore consumed one-half of that made in this country. As most of the men out of work have families to take care of, this movement has thus indirectly deprived nearly a million person of their means of support.

One of the provisions of James Lick's will, is to erect, under the supervision of W. C. Ralston, John O. Earl, Dr. J. D. B. Stillman, H. M. Newhall and Sra P. Rankin, and their successors, in the State Capitol grounds, at such place as shall be selected by the Governor, Attorney-General and Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, a group of bronze statuary, well worth $25,000, which shall represent by proper figures and designs the history of California from its early settlement by the United States, to the time when agriculture became the leading interest of the State; also illustrative of the progress in mining, manufacturing, mercantile pursuits, the gradual development of agriculture, and its history from the last mentioned period to January 1st, 1874.

T. B. Reindollar,

Successor to Ruggles & Reindollar.

Dealer in all kinds of

Drugs,
Medicines,
Paints,
Oils,
Glass,
Brushes,
Perfumery,
BOOKS, STATIONERY, LAMPS,

And everything found in a

First-Class Drug Store.

Physicians' Prescriptions

ACCURATELY COMPOUNDED,

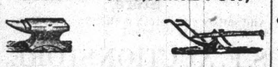
Day or night, by

The Proprietor.

ONE DOOR WEST OF PORTER'S STORE, OPPOSITE THE COLLEGE.

ap25-3m Woodland.

BAKER & HAMILTON,



IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS

—OF—

Agricultural Impements

—AND—

MACHINES,

SACRAMENTO

—AND—

SAN FRANCISCO.

Offer to the trade the

MOST COMPLETE STOCK

Of Goods ever in the Market.

Sweepstake Gang Plows,
Eureka Gang Plows,
Single Plows, Iron and Steel,
Harrows,
Cultivators,
Seed Sowers,
FANNING MILLS,
Feed Mills,
Corn Planters,
Grain Drills.

We are Exclusive Agents for the

Statesman Force Feed Drill

—AND THE—

WINNEBAGO SEEDER AND CULTIVATOR.

Farmers should send for our LIST OF PRICE before buying elsewhere.

The celebrated

BAIN WAGON!

Which has given universal satisfaction as the Best Farm Wagon now in use, can be had ONLY from us or our agents. my21-3m

ROSENKRANZ & KUHN,

MAIN STREET,

Between Tackney House and E. L. Clark's Stable,

WOODLAND,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Tinware, Stoves, Hose, WaterPipes and Pumps,

ROOFING, PLUMBING & GASFITTING.

Jobbing of Every Description.

Agents for the celebrated Medalion Ranges, the best in the market.

All orders promptly attended to.

je6-3m ROSENKRANZ & KUHN.

J. K. SMITH & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE and BEDDING,

COLLEGE BLOCK,

Main Street, - Woodland,

Opposite Craft Hotel.

Undertaking

Promptly attended to, and at satisfactory prices.

A Fine New Hearse in connection with the business.

je5-3m J. K. SMITH & CO.

P. S. GLASSCOCK,

—DEALER IN—

Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery,

STATIONERY, ETC.,

—ALSO,—

AGENT FOR THE

Liverpool & London & Globe FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

Front St., Knight's Landing.

AGENT FOR THE

SINGER SEWING MACHINE!

ap10-3m

PACIFIC SALOON!

Chris. Seiber, - - Proprietor,

Successor to H. Zirker, deceased.

I keep the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and respectfully invite all my friends and the public to come and see me.

PACIFIC SALOON,

Opp. the College, Main St., Woodland. ap24-3m

PASTURAGE

For Horses and Cattle at Judge Hastings' Maine Prairie Ranch.

FRESH-WATER TULE

All Stock to be paid for before leaving the ranch. For particulars, inquire of A. J. GLOVER or DENNIS LAUGHLIN, Maine Prairie. my1-2m

S. P. STINAFF. E. S. STINAFF.

S. P. STINAFF & SON,

(Successors to Gray & Wood)

DEALERS IN

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

(CALIFORNIA HARROW.)

Agents for the celebrated

EAGLE HAY PRESS.

MACHINERY,

HARDWARE,

Paints and Oils,

MAIN ST., WOODLAND,

Are fully supplied with the latest improved machinery and agricultural implements, which we sell at San Francisco prices.

We also call attention to our

Iron and Wood-Workers' Tools

And stock in trade, consisting of Iron, Steel, Coal, Springs, Axles, Bolts, Nails, Locks, Screws, Hinges, etc., etc., etc.

CASTINGS FOR ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY!

CUTLERY,

In Every Style,

Cordage, Blasting Powder, Fuse, And all kinds of Ammunition.

Our stock of PAINTERS' FINDINGS is large and complete, consisting of *Paints, Oils, Brushes, Window-Glass,* ETC., ETC.

The Attention of Farmers, MECHANICS AND BUILDERS

Is particularly invited to our stock, each line of which is complete, and will be sold at very low prices.

S. P. STINAFF & SON.

Woodland, November 1st, 1873. my21-3m

MARCUS C. HAWLEY & CO.,

COR. J. & SECOND STREETS,

SACRAMENTO,

Nos. 108 and 110 Front street, San Francisco.

Agricultural Implements,

MACHINES

—AND—

HARDWARE.

We have the pleasure to inform our friends that we have OPENED A STORE IN SACRAMENTO, corner J and Second streets, where we will carry a complete stock of the above goods.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS FOR

WOOD'S MOWERS AND REAPERS—For all of Northern California;

BUCKEYE REAPERS AND MOWERS For the State of Nevada;

HAINES' GENUINE HEADERS—Single and Double Gear;

VIBRATOR THRESHERS, THE TAYLOR WHEEL RAKE, BARNES' REVOLVING RAKE, BURDICK'S HAY CUTTERS,

And the Celebrated

SCHUTTLER WAGONS!

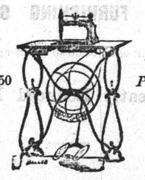
PLOWS, HARROWS, SEED SOWERS, FORKS, HOES, RAKES, ETC.

Call and see us before purchasing. mh20-3m

THE WILSON

Sewing Machine!

Price, $50 to $75.



Price, $50 to $75.

These Machines, although sold $20 LOWER in price than any other first-class sewing machine, received the

HIGHEST AWARDS

—AT THE—

World's Fair, Vienna, 1873,

As follows:

A Medal for the Best Sewing Machine.
A Medal for the Highest Standard of Skilled Workmanship.
A Medal for the Best Sample of Cloth Work in Stitch and Fancy Work.
A Medal for the Best Stitching in Boots and Shoes.

Address, for Circulars and Samples, G. H. NORTON, Agent, fe20-6m4p 337 Kearny s.t, San Francisco.

FURNITURE STORE

—AND—

Cabinet Shop

South side of Main street, next to the Woodland Market and opposite El Dorado Livery Stable,

WOODLAND.

ALL KINDS OF HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE

FURNITURE,

Spring Matresses, Lounges, &c., constantly on hand and fitted up to order.

COFFINS OF ALL KINDS AND SIZES furnished on short notice.

REPAIRING.—All kinds of Furniture neatly and cheaply repaired.

ap17-3m P. KRELLENBERG.

WOODLAND BAKERY,

First Street,

Opposite Central Hall, near Capital Hotel.

O. SCHLUER, Proprietor.

A Supply of

Bread, Cakes, Pies, Crackers,

Etc., always on hand, and delivered to any part of town if desired.

Balls and Parties

Supplied on short notice. A continuance of patronage is respectfully solicited. my21

J. L. SIMPSON,

Druggist,

GALBRAITH'S BLOCK,

MAIN STREET, WOODLAND.

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils,

TOILET PERFUMES FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF, HAIR OILS, SOAPS, HAIR BRUSHES, ETC.

A Fine Stock of

School Books,
Miscellaneous Books,
Stationery,
Initial Note,
Diaries, Etc.

Also, a Complete Assortment of GLASS, CIGARS, TOBACCO, LEGAL BLANKS.

Also, FINE PORT AND SHERRY WINES,

Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies,

COGNAC BRANDY,

Holland Gin, Jamaica Rum, Etc.

All of the purest quality for medicinal use.

Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours by a thoroughly competent druggist

J. L. SIMPSON,

(Read & Magee's old stand,) Main street, mh19-tf WOODLAND.

SHERMAN & HYDE,

Cor. Kearny and Sutter Sts.

SAN FRANCISCO,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

SHEET MUSIC,

Musical Instruments,

—AND—

MUSICAL MERCHANDISE.

Orders from the Interior promptly filled.

MANUFACTURERS OF THE

PIANOS

Acknowledged by Musicians to be the Best Low Priced Instruments ever offered for sale on this Coast.

THE UNEQUALLED

PIANOS

These Superb Instruments have achieved a success unparalleled in the history of Piano-forte Manufacture.

They are remarkable for Great Volume, Purity and Sweetness of Tone, and Durability.

THE CELEBRATED

ORGANS

The Most Desirable Instruments in the market for church and parlor. Over 28,000 now in use.

SHERMAN & HYDE,

GENERAL AGENTS,

SAN FRANCISCO.

m

RICHARD SCHNEIDER,

TEACHER OF

Piano, Organ, Guitar and VOCAL MUSIC!

TERMS:—$6.00 PER MONTH.

Pianos and Organs Tuned, Repaired, Packed for shipment, Unpacked and Set-up.

Pupils Instructed at their Residences.

Agent for the celebrated Steinway & Son's New York; Chickering, Boston, and Emerson's ($300) Pianos. The Hamlin & Mason's, Boston, and X Spang's, Syracuse, Melodeons and Organs. The best instruments manufactured.

Any Music, Book or Sheet Music, wherever published, supplied at the marked retail price on short notice.

Organs and Pianos also sold on the instalment plan, of regular monthly payments (from $5 up) until paid for.

For particulars please leave orders at A. Kiersk for Geo. Lewald & Co's stores, or address per post.

RICHARD SCHNEIDER, Music Teacher, my28-3m Woodland, Yolo Co., Cal.

Woodland Poultry Yards

Unsurpassed on the Pacific Coast.

Imported from the Most Celebrated Yards in the East.

Buff, White, Black and Patridge Cochins; Dark and Light Bramas; White and Brown Leghorns; White and Golden Polands; Silver Spangled Hamburgs, Houdans, and Golden Sebright Bantams.

ALSO,

Bronze Turkeys and Rouen Ducks.

Eggs from $6 to $12 per dozen.

Address, DR. W. J. PRATHER, my5-3m Woodland, Cal.

C. D. MORIN,

At his Old Stand, Opposite the Bank of Woodland,

Is prepared to do all kinds of

PLUMBING, GAS-FITTING,

—AND—

METAL ROOFING,

And Manufacturer of

Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron Wares,

ALSO, DEALER IN

STOVES,

PUMPS,

Iron and Galvanized Pipes of all sizes.

AGENT FOR THE

Celebrated "Union Range."

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, Of all kinds in his line.

GALVANIZED IRON

Water Tanks!

All Sizes, made to Order.

AGENCY FOR

Rose's deep well Force Pumps.

TOOLS FOR BORING WELLS

Can be had at my Store.

ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY Promptly attended to.

SHOP ON MAIN STREET, (Next to Gray and Wood's Hardware Store.)

my1-3m C. D. MORIN.

BYNUM & CO.,

WEST END OF NEW COLLEGE BLOCK,

Main St., Woodland,

Dealers in all kinds of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES.

PURE WINES and LIQUORS,

For Medicinal Purposes,

—AND—

EVERYTHING USUALLY FOUND IN A

FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE!

—ALSO—

A Large Stock of Stationery,

—CONSISTING OF—

LEGAL BLANKS OF ALL KINDS

BLANK BOOKS, DIARIES, MEMORANDUMS, ETC., ETC.

A Fine Stock

—OF—

TOBACCO and CIGARS

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Prescriptions Carefully

AND ACCURATELY

Compounded—Day or Night—

—BY A—

THOROUGHLY COMPETENT DRUGGIST.

Nothing but the Purest Medicines Used. ap17-3m

REMOVAL

OF THE

WOODLAND PROVISION STORE

—TO THE—

NEW BUILDING

Directly west of Templars' Hall,

—AND—

Opposite the Old Stand.

J. G. SCHWALM,

Dealer in all kinds of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

Respectfully invites the residents of Woodland and vicinity to call at his new quarters, where he is fully prepared to supply their wants with every article of

FAMILY GROCERIES

Of the best quality, and too numerous to mention in an advertisement; also,

Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Hams, Pork.

PRESERVED MEATS

And the choicest Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco.

Depot of the National Brewery, of San Francisco.

mh19-3m

LUMBER!

L. B. RUGGLES. S. A. DAVIS.

RUGGLES & DAVIS,

(Successors to L. B. Ruggles,)

AT THE OLD ESTABLISHED YARD,

South of Main St., near the College,

WOODLAND.

It is our intention to keep on hand every kind

—OF—

Building and Fencing Lumber,

Shakes,
Doors,
Blinds,
Plaster Paris,

SHINGLES, WINDOWS, LATHS,

Lime, Cement, Hair, Etc.

All Orders Promptly Filled on Liberal Terms to the Purchaser.

ap3-3m RUGGLES & DAVIS.

PAINTS AND OILS, For sale at SIMPSON'S DRUG STORE.

Still on Hand!

F. M. HALL,

MAIN STREET,

IN FRONT OF THE COLLEGE, WOODLAND,

Would respectfully announce to the People of Yolo County, that he is now permanently located in Woodland, and is prepared to fill all orders in his line at short notice and in a satisfactory manner.

Manufacturer —AND— Dealer —IN—

ALL KINDS OF

HARDWARE, TINWARE, STOVES, RANGES, PUMPS, PIPE OF ALL KINDS, GAS FIXTURES.

Nails, Screws, Hinges, Etc.,
WASH-BOARDS, CHURNS,
Clothes Wringers,
Galvanized Iron Wash Tubs,
Waffle Irons,
Gem Pans,
Sad Irons,
Rubber Hose.

COFFEE MILLS,

Knives and Forks,
Spoons,
Scrubbing and Horse Brushes,
Curry Combs,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

MANUFACTURER OF

ALL KINDS OF

Tin, Copper, Brass and Sheet-Iron Ware.

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED

RICHMOND RANGE

—AND—

Empire City Cook Stove!

The Best Stoves Now in Use.

Also for THE PEOPLE'S DEEP WELL FORCE PUMP, the best and cheapest Deep Well Force Pump now in use.

Particular attention given to Repairing and Job Work. Give him a call before purchasing elsewhere. my1-3m

Yolo Planing Mill,

MACHINE SHOP,

—AND—

Manufactory for Elevators and Self-Feeders for Threshing Machines,

COR. OF OAK AVENUE AND RAILROAD STS.,

One Block South of Hesperian College.

The undersigned hereby notifies the public that he has leased the Yolo Planing Mill and added to it a Machine and Blacksmith Shop, with a view to establishing a

MANUFACTORY FOR ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

And to do a General Milling Business in all its Departments.

Doors, Sash, Casings, Inside Finish, Brackets, Scroll Sawing, Wood and Iron Turning, Boring out Steam Cylinders and Douglas Pumps (of any size), Door and Window Frames and Moldings of all kinds made to order, Etc., Etc.

CONTRACTING AND JOBBING

Left to Contractors, House Builders and Carpenters, whose patronage is especially solicited, and

Good Work Guaranteed!

As None but First-Class Workmen will be employed. Besides, he is prepared to do

BLACKSMITHING!

AND REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

—AND—

STEAM ENGINES!

Will Manufacture Harrows, Cultivators, and anything in his line of business that may be ordered, at as reasonable rates as can be done in San Francisco.

ap2 BYRON JACKSON.

J. H. BROGAN,

GENERAL UNDERTAKER,

Having purchased the interest of Mr. Smith in this branch of the business, may be found at all times at the

OLD STAND OF S. HYMAN,

Opposite the Store of Geo. Lewald & Co.

Funerals Promptly Attended to,

—AND—

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

He has the FINEST OF HEARSES.

J. H. BROGAN. Woodland, June 8th, 1872. je5-3m

NEW STORE.

New Goods and New Prices!

J. I. EATON,

(FORMERLY OF EATON & BRO.,)

Has just received and opened in the new building opposite the Masonic Hall, a new stock of

FRESH FAMILY GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

FRUITS, VEGETABLES, ETC.,

Which we offer for sale

For Cash, or in Thirty Days,

At prices to suit the times. I do my own work, and have no rent to pay, consequently can sell at low figures.

Goods Delivered in Any Part of the City.

Store in the Grove, opposite the Masonic Building, Woodland, July 18th, 1873. ap17-3m

J. A. WILSON, JOHN BAUER. [*Late of Gosselgren & Wilson.*]

WILSON & BAUER,

Cor. 4th and J Sts.,

SACRAMENTO.

IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

FURNITURE! BEDDING AND MIRRORS!

—ALSO,—

Solid Walnut Bedroom and Parlor Furniture!

DESKS AND BOOKCASES,

Of Every Description,

LOWER THAN SAN FRANCISCO PRICES.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. my15-3m

COAL OIL, For sale at SIMPSON'S DRUG STORE

MUSIC HATH CHARMS!

PRICE REDUCED.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

WILL LAST A LIFE-TIME!

35,000

Of the Celebrated

Shoninger Organs

IN DAILY USE.

The best musical talent of the country recommend these Organs. The nicest and best. More for your money, and gives better satisfaction than any other now made. They comprise the

Eureka, Concerto, Orchestra

—AND—

GRANDS.

Illustrated Catalogues sent by mail, postpaid to any address, upon application to

B. SHONINGER & CO., ja2-6m NEW HAVEN, CONN.

These Bitters do not only distinguish themselves by their flavor and aromatic odor above all others generally used, but are at the same time an excellent tonic and an efficacious stimulant to excite the appetite. They are prepared from the most choice and wholesome herbs and roots, and have given universal satisfaction wherever tried. Thousands of dyspeptics have found relief through their use, and physicians recommend them for the CURE OF ALL DISEASES of the BLOOD AND LIVER, and irregularities of the digestive organs.

Headache, Billiousness and Constipation, General Debility and loss of appetite, are all caused by the derangement of the Stomach, Liver, and other functionaries of the system. The IXL Bitters have been successfully used and are warranted to alleviate the sufferer in all the above cases.

The IXL Bitters are sold only in glass; to sell other than the genuine article out of our bottles is felony, and we will when detected, prosecute such parties to the full extent of the law.

Read Physician's Certificate on each bottle.

Every family should have them in the house. Sold everywhere.

H. EPSTEIN & CO., Sole Proprietors,

No. 518 Front street, San Francisco, Cal.

We are also the manufacturers of DR. HENLEY'S REGULATOR, a purgative mild and effective; a purely vegetable compound and in every way superior to pills. Also, Agents for the celebrated brand of LONDON ROYAL PALM GIN, a specific for the BLADDER and KIDNEYS. mh20-3m

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

THE HUMAN LOCOMOTIVE should be carefully engineered, otherwise it may run off the track of life at any moment. To keep its delicate internal machinery in perfect trim, or to put it in good working condition when out of order, is the peculiar province of

Tarrant's Effervescent Seltzer Aperient.

The thoroughness with which it cleanses, without irritating the bowels; the tone and vigor which it imparts to the stomach; its appetizing effects; its cooling, refreshing operation in fever; the relief it affords in headache; its antibilious properties, and its superior merits as a general corrective, justify the assertion that it is, beyond all comparison, the most valuable family medicine of the age. Sold by all druggists. je5-2w

CITY LIVERY AND SALE STABLES!

OPPOSITE AMERICAN EXCHANGE HOTEL

WOODLAND, YOLO CO., CAL.

The well-known Stables above referred to have been recently leased by the undersigned who have recently thoroughly refitted and furnished the same, and are now prepared to furnish the best of Livery turnouts at short notice and reasonable rates.

Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month.

Particular attention given to Breaking and Training Horses to Harness. Grain and Hay for Sale at retail. Give us a trial.

ap24-3m McHENRY & HUBBARD, Proprs.

WHOLESALE LIQUOR HOUSE!

IN WOODLAND!

DRYFUS & CO.,

Have in store a full stock of

Choice Wines, Pure Liquors,

CIGARS, ETC.,

Which they offer to dealers and the public at wholesale rates as favorable as can be obtained anywhere on this Coast.

FAMILIES SUPPLIED,

—AND—

GOODS DELIVERED ON SHORT NOTICE.

Store opposite Bank of Woodland.

March 8th, 1873. jeh5-3m

THE YOLO DEMOCRAT.

SUPPLEMENT.

VOL. 7. WOODLAND, YOLO CO., CAL., FRIDAY, JUNE 12, 1874. NO. 30.

Boys a Nuisance.

"Boys are a nuisance! I wish Charley would go,
He laughs at my singing, and pesters me so!
'Tis true father calls him his pride and his joy,
And dear mother whispers, 'My own darling boy!'
He's been noble at college, and won a big prize;
But own sister Fan is not much in his eyes.
He thinks her created to tease and annoy.
I'll show that I think him a pestersome boy."

So Fanny went off to her room in disgust,
Where her broom and her temper raised up such a dust.
She failed to observe the express at the door
Take out, with much care, a vast box—nothing more.
She heard Charles's voice in the hall speaking low,
And thought, "He's into some mischief, I know."
I'll mind my own business, keep out of his way;
He won't hear me sing again during his stay.
That wheezing old seraphine spoils any song;
But he need not have said, 'It is worse than a gong!'

"When I ask, 'Are you pleased with that beautiful thing,
My favorite piece, 'The Dove's Hovering Wing?'
For I took greatest pains to learn it aright,
Kept seraph from squawking by genius and might,
Knowing how the thing sounds when other folks play,
He should own I showed skill and talent to-day.
He's heard some big music, brings earsful along;
Then, forsooth, all at home is 'worse than a gong!'"

Poor Fanny, heart-broken, no longer could sweep,
But sat down in dust and in ashes to weep.
Rat-tap at the door; brother Charley is there;
But Fanny sits thinking, fast glued to her chair;
"If he comes to make up, I guess he will find
I'm not quite so fickle and easy of mind;
For he knew I was hurt, and yet never did try
To find out the reason by asking me why."

"Don't mind, if you're sweeping." The door opens wide.
"'Tis only your Charley; you'll let him inside.
What, tears, my own sister! Now come right along:
I've brought you some music; come sing me a song."
And, spite of the fact that the pain would not go,
Grieved Fanny is borne to the parlor below.

A new grand piano! What wonder! what joy!
"Oh! where did it come from, you dear precious boy?"
"'Tis yours, sister Fan, from the prize that I won,
And price of some writing and teaching I've done.
Now, sit here, my sister, repeat that sweet song
The asthmatic seraph made worse than a gong."

Pretty Fanny—she wept for a while, it is true,
Telling Charley the tale which I have told you;
Then she sang, "Home, sweet Home," that dear est of lays,
Nor called boys a nuisance the rest of her days.

—Oliver Optic's Magazine.

An Engineer's Life.

It is quite a popular idea that because a man pursues a dangerous occupation he must grow so used to the presence of death as not only to lose his fear of it, but eventually to trifle with it. Locomotive engineers, therefore, are popularly supposed to be, without exception, a set of reckless fellows, foolhardy, death-defying persons, who have decided upon a date for smashing trains, and are enjoying life meanwhile. Those few who are acquainted with the men in question are aware how fallacious this inference is. Their avocation is attended with unusual danger, and they gradually lose their fear of it; but it is safe to say that nine out of ten among them are married men, with families to care for and to love; and this responsibility, even if they thought nothing of the passengers in their charge, would suffice to make them watchful, diligent and careful. Carelessness on their part is almost inevitably attended with disgrace and loss of employment, and in cases of accidents, they rarely escape injury; so that, as they are not mere mechanical figures, it is reasonable to suppose that they are aware of the risks they run in the disregard of caution and care. Wm. Guile, the engineer of the Shore line train which met with the Richmond switch disaster in Rhode Island, last spring, showed his affection for his family in the salute which he whistled as his engine dashed past his home every day. One dark night passed, and the loving wife listened in vain for the husband's greeting. He was dead! The next morning they removed his stiffened hand from the lever of his engine, and carried him from his post, where he had remained even after death overtook him. Thus he refuted the general imputation of carelessness upon the profession, for he was neither reckless nor untrustworthy. In the majority of serious railway disasters the engineers have been either fatally injured or killed outright; therefore a few instances where they have escaped would not be inappropriate.

David Van Buskirk, who is now the master mechanic of the New York, Boston and Montreal Railway, tells of an interesting incident that occurred while he was an engineer on a Western Railroad. He had collided with a passenger train through mismanagement on the part of the engineer of the passenger train, and one or two coaches were smashed and his own engine was injured to a great extent. He feared the displeasure of his superintendent, and was brooding over his misfortune as he neared the end of his trip, when a singular opportunity to retrieve his reputation presented itself. The "round-house" in Winona, Minn., whither he was bound, took fire in the roof, and when Van Buskirk arrived with his engine he found that the efforts which had been exerted toward quenching the flames had been of but little avail, and the fire bade fair to burn down the building and destroy a number of new engines which were nearly ready for service. Without a second thought Van Buskirk ran his engine into the burning house, and, pulling down the escape valve with all his strength, let the steam, at 100 pounds pressure, escape in a rushing, screaming volume, whose force carried it up to the burning roof. The effect was instantaneous and wonderful, for in less than five minutes the fire was extinguished. Van Buskirk was carried out of his cab in an almost suffocated condition, but he had the satisfaction of gaining not only approval but immediate promotion.

On railways that intersect populous districts it is not an unfrequent occurrence for an engineer to run down and kill deaf, blind, or drunken persons who are walking on the track. He sounds his whistle and expects them to leave the track. Persons so frequently step aside at the last moment that until that moment arrives the engineer gives himself no uneasiness. A pretty scene that must have been on the Pennsylvania Central, when on nearing Harrisburg the engineer of an express train discovered a little girl at play on the track ahead of him. Her back was toward him, but he saw the golden curls, the bare arms, and almost imagined he heard the joyous prattle of the unsuspecting child as the flying engine approached the cross-tie where she sat. Perhaps he thought of just such another child at home, for he sprang from his cab—it was too late to stop the train—and leaning over the "pilot" reached out and caught the little girl just as she raised her head and saw her danger. Then the mother, who had seen the brave act, rushed from her house and took the child from his arms when the train was brought to a stop.

Last summer, the engine run by William Baird, of the lightning express on the Hudson River Railroad, struck a drunken man who was sitting on the trestle-bridge at Plum Point, and killed him instantly. At the inquest, the day after, the engineer told the writer that exactly a year before on that very day he had "struck his first man" somewhere just above Yonkers. Said he: "I was running the 'lightning' then, and was making lively time past Yonkers, when I saw a young fellow with a cane in his hand walking on the down track. Just as I got within one hundred feet of him, he deliberately walked over to my track. I whistled and jerked back my lever. The light was full in his face, and when he heard my whistle, I saw an expression of horror on his face, for he was blind and had thought I was coming on the down track. He jumped, but it was too late; and I saw him throw up his hands—I even heard him shriek—as the pilot struck him. I sat up that night, and thought about that poor fellow—no use trying to sleep with that on my mind. The next day I saw him laid out in the depot, all torn and mangled, but his face wasn't touched at all, and after I took one look at him I saw that face day and night for six months every minute I was on my engine. I shut my eyes when I passed the place where I struck him. I managed to get another engine; I did everything, but all the time, especially at night, in the glare of my head-light I saw that pale, thin, blind face, I saw the hands thrown up, and I heard the poor fellow scream when the 'pilot' seemed to strike him."—*New York Graphic.*

PITMAN'S CHICKENS.—We had a good deal of trouble last summer with Pitman's chickens. As fast as we would plant anything in our little garden, those chickens of Pitman's would creep under the fence, scratch out the seeds, fill up and go home. When the raddish-bed had been ravished in this manner for the fifth time, we complained to Pitman. He was not disposed to interfere. "Adeler," he said, "I tell you it does 'em good; and it does them beds good to be raked over by chickens. If I have reddishes, give me chickens to scratch around 'em and eat up the worms. Reddishes that haven't been scratched, ain't worth a cent." Then we climbed over the fence, with a determination to take the law into our own hands. We procured half a peck of corn and two dozen diminutive fish-hooks. Fastening each hook into a grain of corn, we tied thin wire to each hook. Then we scattered the whole of the corn on the raddish-bed, and fixed the ends of the wires to the biggest sky-rocket we could get. The rocket stood in a frame about ten yards away from the hooks. That very morning Pitman's chickens came over and instantly began to devour the corn. We were ready, and as soon as it was evident that the hooks were all swallowed, we applied a match to that rocket. It is regarded as probable that no barn-yard fowls that have lived since the days of old Noah ever proceeded toward the azure vault of heaven with such rapidity as those did. A fizz, a few ejaculatory cackles, a puff of smoke, and Pitman's roosters and pullets were swishing around among the celestial constellations without their feathers, and in some doubt respecting the stability of earthly things. Pitman never knew what became of his fowls; but when we read in the paper next day that twenty-four underdone chickens, with fish hooks in their craws, had been rained down by a hurricane in New Jersey, we felt certain that that sky-rocket had done its duty.—*Max Adeler.*

A MEAN SWINDLE.—Some time ago an advertisement appeared in the daily papers of this city to the effect that a number of first-class waiters could find employment by calling at No. 182 Linden Avenue. It is perhaps needless to say that the advertisement was answered by a number of persons, and the applicants found at No. 182 Linden Avenue a man named Stewart, who engaged them to go to Cape May as waiters and servants. All the persons engaged were colored men, and on being engaged each one was compelled to pay Stewart $1. They were then told to be ready to leave for Philadelphia by packet on yesterday afternoon. At one o'clock P.M., yesterday, twenty-two very respectable colored men assembled at the Philadelphia Steam Packet on the corner of Pratt and Light streets, expecting there to meet Stewart. They were, however, disappointed, as he did not make his appearance, and they were informed by Sergeant Hause that they had been swindled. Several of the victims had given up their situations in this city for the purpose of accepting the dazzling offers of Stewart. There were four express wagon loads of baggage lying at the wharf belonging to the disappointed colored men, who, on discovering that that they had been swindled, were naturally very indignant, and swore vengeance against Stewart. The police are looking for the swindler, but his present whereabouts is unknown.—*Baltimore American.*

Next to her head a woman values her hair most.

ANECDOTES.

ORIGIN OF THE "FIGHTING EDITOR."—The John Bull newspaper, edited by Theodore Hook, frequently indulged in offensive personalities in remarking on the character and conduct of public men. A military hero, who would persist in placing himself conspicuously before the world's gaze, received a copious share of what he considered malignant and libelous abuse in the columns of said newspaper—his "Soldier's spirit on revenge." An officer and a gentleman could not demean himself by calling out a hireling scribbler for honorable satisfaction. No. He would horsewhip the miscreant in his den—the bull would be taken by the horns.

Donning his uniform and arming himself with a huge whip, he called at the office of the paper, and scarcely concealing his agitation inquired for the editor. He was invited by the clerk to take a seat in the room. He complied, and was kept waiting while the clerk, who recognized the visitor ran up stairs and informed the editorial responsibility of his name and evident purpose. After an aggravated delay, which served to considerably increase the dtstemper of the officer, the door opened and a coarse rough looking man, over six feet in height, with a proportionate breadth of shoulder, and armed with a bludgeon entered the room.

Walking up to the surprised and angry visitor, he said, in a voice of thunder;

"Are you the chap that wants to see me?"

"You! No. I want to see the editor of this paper."

"That's me; I'm the werry man."

"There must be some mistake."

"Not a morsel. I'm the head hitter of this Bull," said the fellow, bringing the nobbed end of his bludgeon in fearful proximity to the officer's caput.

"You, the editor? Impossible!"

"Do you mean to say I'm telling a lie?" roared the ruffian, as he again raised his knotty argument.

"Certainly not—by no means," said the officer rapidly cooling down, and dropping the whip at the same time.

"Werry well, then, what are you wanting wi' me?"

"A mistake, my dear sir—a mistake I expected to meet another person. I ll call some other day," and the complainant backed to the door, bowing to the drawn stick before him.

"And don't let me ketch you coming again without knowing who and what you want. We're always ready for all sorts of customers—army or navy, civil or military, horse, foot or dragoons."

The officer retired, resolving to undergo another goring by the Bull before he again ventured to encounter the herculean proportions of the fighting editor.

When the clerk informed the occupants of the editorial sanctum of the visit of the irate colonel, neither Hook nor the publisher cared to face the horsewhip. A well known pugilist, the landlord of a tavern in the vicinity, was immediately sent for and a slight preparation fitted him for the part in which he acquitted himself with complete success. The story rapidly circulated and the reputation of the fighting editor of John Bull prevented further remonstrance from persons who felt themselves aggrieved by personalities of the press.

A BETTING MOURNER.—A lake steamer was being repaired and repainted near one of the wharves of a western city. A single narrow plank served for communication with the shore. A large quantity of white lead was provided for the painters, and one night, before going ashore, two of them, whom we shall call Smith and Jones, thought they would appropriate some of it to their own use. So they tied a strong twine around their overalls at the ankle, and filled in the empty space between their trowsers and overalls with forty pounds, more or less, of white lead. Going ashore in the dusk of the evening, and walking clumsily in consequence of the unusual loading, Jones stumbled overboard into the lake. Of course he sank like a millstone. The alarm was given, and immediately there were boats got out, and every preparation made for the rescue. Meantime, Smith stood on the shore, loudly bewailing. "O, dear, dear! Jones is drowned! His poor wife and five little ones—what will become of them? And Jones is dead! O, dear, dear!" "What are you blubbering about?" said a bystander. "Don't you see they are getting ready to haul him out? He's got to rise three times, you know." "Wh—what's that you say?" said Smith. "I tell you Jones ain't drowned—he'll be rescued. He's got to come up three times." "Got to come up three times!" repeated Smith, pulling out his money and changing his whining tone to one of excited interest "Bet you the stamps he don't come up once!"

GETTING OUT OF BED.—Dr. Hall does not approve of the old doctrine which was formerly instilled into the minds of children—that they should spring out of bed the instant they awake in the morning. He says up to eighteen years old every child should be allowed to rest in bed, after the sleep is over, until they feel as if they would rather get up than not. It is a very great mistake for persons, old or young—especially children or sedentary persons—to bounce out of bed the moment they wake up; all the instincts shrink from it, and fiercely kick against it. Fifteen or twenty minutes spent in gradually waking up, after the eyes are opened, and in turning over and stretching the limbs, do as much as good sound sleep, because the operations set the blood in motion by degrees, tending to equalize the circulation; for during sleep the blood tends to stagnation, the heart beats feebly and slowly, and to shock the system by bouncing up in an instant and sending the blood in overwhelming quantity to the heart, causing it to assume a gallop, where the instant before it was a creep, is the greatest absurdity. This instantaneous bouncing out of bed as soon as the eyes are open will be followed by a weariness long before noon.

HOUSEHOLD.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS.—So-called accomplishments are a sort of mansard roof clapped on the sounder structure of the average English education. Why they are thus denominated, when in the possession of them so little is really accomplished, it is difficult to determine. Their material is generally as unsubstantial as that of the thing to which they have been compared, and, subjected to the fiery tests of life and experience, they are almost as readily destroyed. The acquirement of a little knowledge of music, certain rules of drawing, the process of mixing colors, and a few foreign phrases, are oftenest the result of much misapplied industry. If music, drawing and painting were studied and cultivated as arts, with the intent of becoming thoroughly proficient in them, that they might stand, if need be, in good, practical stead, then the time devoted to them would not be wasted. Instead of being mental folfols in which to deck their ill-clothed minds in public, these attainments would be of deep and lasting satisfaction to their possessors, even though not put to any severer trial."

Few girls care enough for music and drawing to pursue them after being freed from the restraint of masters, and many would never begin such study were it not for the ambition of parents, guided by a society that demands all girls to be molded after one model. This idea is so obviously impossible as to be absurd. Countless good gardeners, milliners, dressmakers, housekeepers, have been spoiled in poor pianoplayers, simply because knowledge of the piano was considered an elegant acquisition; while an understanding of the other things was regarded as something that only necessity should require. The hours of strumming on unresponsive instruments (unresponsive because touched by no sympathetic fingers) which, otherwise employed, might have made capital cooks, are incalculable.

The original design was good—to enable women to impart pleasure and improvement to themselves and others; but it signally fails. Seldom are girls willing to play, or exhibit the work of their pencil to critical ears and eyes; and when good nature impels them to, what have they to offer? Ordinarily the merest smattering—more repellant to ripe judgment than total ignorance would be.

It is evident that an acquaintance with the alphabet of many branches is not so great an aid to intellectual improvement, as being thoroughly versed in one. In this short life, it is much to know even one thing well. If thoroughly understood, everything from steak-broiling to oratorio-composing, should be considered an accomplishment. Pupils apt at figures should be taught book-keeping in place of minims and semi-breves; and natural nurses given an insight into bottles and bandages, in lieu of curved lines and neutral tint Thus the training of the mind in a direction at once natural and useful, contributes to its healthiest growth, and redounds to individual advancement and general advantage.—*Scribner's for June.*

FLOWERS FOR THE SICK.—In an upper room in a poor tenement-house lay a sick child, wasted with fever and the prostration which followed. It had seemed impossible to rouse him, or excite the slightest interest in anything. The young lady who had carried her flower basket to the room selected a bunch of shining golden buttercups, and held them up before the child. The dull, languid eye brightened, the tiny emaciated hand opened to receive them; too feeble for a spoken word, the smile that flitted across the wee white face was eloquent enough. The fingers closed tightly over the simple flowers that were like yellow sunshine to the little sufferer. When a second visit, with fresh flowers, was nade on Thursday, the boy's mother said: "Jimmy would not lay the flowers out of his hand while he was awake; only when he slept could I put them in water to freshen a bit, for he must have them in his hand again as soon as he waked." Sure enough the little fellow still held his withered treasures, which had been more to him than doctors' visits or prescriptions. Fresh flowers from the basket brought a smile and look of grateful recognition to his face; the long, weary hours of convalescence were lightened and brightened for one little sufferer by the Flower Mission.

BLACKBERRY CORDIAL.—To two quarts of juice add one pound of white sugar; half ounce nutmeg; half ounce cloves pulverized. Boil all together for a short time, and when cold add a pint of brandy. This syrup is said to be almost a specific for summer complaint or diarrhea. From a teaspoonful to a wine glass is to be taken, according to the age of the patient, until relieved.

SPONGE CAKE.—For one large loaf, beat three eggs together two minutes, add one and one-half cups of sugar and beat five minutes, add one cup of flour, and one-half cup of water and beat two minutes, one-half teaspoonful of soda and one teaspoonful of cream of tartar, or two teaspoonfuls of baking powder in one cup of flour, salt and flavor.

TO MAKE GOOD YEAST.—Take five or six potatoes—grate fine. Then add two tablespoonfuls of sugar and one of salt. Take one quart of water and a handful of hops. Boil a few minutes, strain and stir into potatoes. Set on the stove and stir until thick. When cool add one cup of yeast.

STEAM PUDDING.—One teacup sour milk, one-half teaspoon soda, one-half teacup fruit, half a cup of suet or butter; stir stiff with flour; steam one hour. Make a sauce of butter and sugar stirred together, with a little wine.

Scott County, Minn., contains an extensive Limburger cheese factory. The cheese is declared to be "ripe" when a piece the size of a bean will drive a dog out of a tan-yard.

Cremation is economy, and economy is wealth.

Throckmorton's Ghost.

The trial of Miss Eliza Godwin, who was recently brought before the courts in Louisville upon a writ of *de lunatico inquirendo*, and discharged, developed a train of circumstances which not only outdo the creations of the novelist and romancer, but can only find their parallel in the gloomy and grim Nemesis of Grecian mythology. Miss Eliza Godwin is a member of a respectable family, a well educated and cultivated lady, who, when a mere school girl, twenty-four years ago, made the acquaintance of Maj. John Throckmorton, an accomplished and fascinating man of the world, then twenty years her senior. His influence upon her amounted to an infatuation which she could not control. She was confiding and inexperienced, like most school girls of idealistic tendencies, and she soon engaged herself in marriage to him. When he had secured this advantage, he ruined and then abandoned her; but the shadow of the darkness into which she fell enveloped him, also, and it has never left him or her, and never will, although he is growing gray with years and she is a faded, weary woman, out of whose life hope has disappeared, and for whom remains only the passive obedience to fate. When she found she was abandoned she did not throw herself into the slums She did not break under the calamity which wrecks so many lives. She did not hurry herself out of the world. The disaster revealed her to herself and all the aimless and restless elements of her life crystalized into one settled purpose, which, for over twenty years, has absorbed every other purpose, hope, thought and energy of her being. She calmly and firmly came to her resolve after long meditation. She could not marry any other man, for that would be an irreparable injury. She had no desire to injure her betrayer, as she stated during the trial. "She left his life and health in the hands of God." She did not stop to weigh any effect her purpose might have upon her relatives, or upon society at large. In the scope of her purpose there were but two beings in the world—her betrayer and herself. For two long years she sought, by every means in her power, to win him back to her; but when she found this was fruitless, when she found that he had forever abandoned her and that no influence of hers could ever reach him, then she determined that, as he had wrecked her life, she would wreck his; that as he, under promise of marriage, had clouded her whole life with unhappiness, he should help her bear it by suffering in kind and that the memory of the ruin he had made should ever be fresh and constant.

She has thus far fulfilled her purpose. For twenty years she has been his waking and sleeping thought, and no effort of his has been powerful enough, no strategy cunning enough, to shake off the silent, relentless specter which has followed him with reproachful eye and iron purpose, as calm and rigid and silent as though she were the very embodiment of Fate. Wherever he went in the city of Louisville, she was a few paces behind him. Did he go to call upon a friend, he knew she would be upon the opposite side of the street when he came out. He went to New Orleans, and when he arrived there she was there also. He went to New York, but in the thousands of strange faces which passed him in the busy streets, there was one familiar face always near him. His own shadow did not follow him more surely or persistently than she followed him. It was all the same in summer or winter, in spring or fall, in storm or shine, by day or night. Thus the years went on. She never molested him. She never personally interfered with his business or his enjoyments. She never spoke to him unless he spoke to her, and then the burden of her communication was only that it was her fate to follow him through life, and his fate to be followed.

In all these years Major Throckmorton has grown gray in the shadow, and Throckmorton's ghost has grown faded and pale and weary with her restless wandering. At last he could endure her calmness, her silence and her constant presence no longer, and he brought her before the courts upon the writ to which we have alluded, and sought to establish the fact that she was insane, her insanity taking the form of a monomania. But this was her opportunity as well as his. It was the opportunity she had long wished, and for the first time she had the chance to tell her story before a public tribunal.

There were doctors and experts in attendance, who narrowly watched her as she related this twenty years' story, but they found no traces of insanity in it. There was but one expert who deemed her a monomaniac, and he has been connected with an insane asylum for thirty years, and acknowledged that he expected a liberal fee for his opinion. He concluded, on general principles, that Miss Godwin was insane because she was different from other women, as other women similarly situated would have grieved until they died, or recklessly gone to the bad—a ruling which would consign a great many very sane people, who happen to be inflexible in purpose, to the insane asylum. The jury did not accept the opinion of the expert, but acquitted her and left her free to do as she pleased. During the trial she did not follow Throckmorton, and there will be some curiosity as to her future course. This episode may divert her from her purpose, since she has had the opportunity to tell her story in the most public manner and to vindicate her course. Whether she abandons or continues to follow him, matters little now. In all these twenty years her victim has had opportunity to make amends for the great wrong which he inflicted upon *his* victim, and there are very few people who will not look upon it as an instance of poetical retribution in a case in which the law affords no adequate remedy and social forms are more likely to favor the stronger than the weaker party. The Nemesian idea is completely exemplified. He ruined her life. She ruined his. He destroyed her happiness. She destroyed his. The two are equal.

Grand Dukes and Grand Larceny.

Mr. Hepworth Dixon wrote a book some time ago to prove that Russia is a free country. He scarcely succeeded in impressing Western Europe with this belief, but his failure was doubtless due in a great measure to the fact that his narratives always find a skeptical public. If some gentleman of less fame had said all that he told us about the progress of democracy in the Russian Empire, it could not have failed to excite universal interest. The truth is that a profound change is taking place in the structure of Russian society and the habits of Russian thought. The late arrest of the Grand Duke Nicholas, the nephew of the Czar, is one of the most striking of the incidents which have come to light from time to time, to show that the relations of the imperial family to the law have suffered a remarkable modification within a few years. The young Prince, who is the eldest son of the Grand Duke Constantine, is understood to have stolen his mother's diamonds and presented them to a "well-known French actress." It is reported that the Emperor, being consulted in regard to the scandal, said that the law should take its course; and upon this the young larcenist was arrested and his house searched, as if he had been the humblest mujik in St Petersburg.

This is a singular advance from the time when the members of the imperial household were so far above the law that they could indulge with impunity in almost any species of felony from perjury to murder. It is indeed questionable whether so democratic a legal procedure could have been put in exercise in the case of so exalted a personage anywhere else in Europe. It is scarcely possible that such a scandal should have been suffered to be published in any constitutional monarchy, much less in one so absolute as that of the Autocrat of all the Russias. The affair of the Queen's Necklace in the last century became the subject of judicial investigation, but that was only because, after the scandal had arisen from the folly of the Cardinal de Rhoan and his temptress, it became necessary to crush the Countess de la Motte by public infamy to save the reputation of Marie Antoinette. If the theft had been a simple one among members of the same family, it would never have become public. This was shown in a much more recent case in Paris. Her Majesty, Isabella the Second of Spain, called the Generous, because she was never able to refuse anybody anything except her husband, missed some valuable jewels, and, on informing the police, it was discovered that they were offered for sale at a jeweler's in the Rue de la Paix. The audacious lapidary was called upon to show how he had obtained them, and the inquest came to an abrupt end on his informing the Prefect that he bought them of her Majesty's august consort, Don Francisco. It is certainly inconvenient to have your husband stealing from you, but both the Queen and the Emperor thought it was better than to have him in jail, and so Don Francisco went unwhipped of justice.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

It was, indeed, a melancholy picture that was presented to the view of the passengers of a Mississippi steamer that took a short cut across some Louisiana plantations on the way down to New Orleans. The flood had swept over what a few days before had been a cotton field, leaving only the tops of trees above the water, near which could be seen the chimney of a house rising a foot above the surface. On the top of the smokeless flue was perched a rooster. His wings hung limp, his eyes were half closed and his majesty of demeanor was gone. He had given it up. Whether he was the sole survivor he did not explain. He did not seem to care to be rescued, as he hoisted no signal for relief, and the steamer, with a parting cheer, left him alone in his glory. As the sound reached him he raised his offwing to his eye, and waved a sad farewell with his disengaged foot.—*Louisville Courier-Journal.*

A correspondent of the *Herald* expresses himself in regard to cremation as follows: "Among the ancient heathen and the fire-worshipers this abnormal custom, at once so shocking and revolting to sensitive natures, may have well found favor; but with us, who live in a more advanced age, and have all the advantages of free schools, lager beer, the proposed Brooklyn Bridge, the Committee of Fifty, the Grange movement, currency inflation, the temperance women, the Arkansas muddle, the Tichborne claimant, the French Repnblic, and other truly beneficent blessings, I should say that the man who could deliberately offer his *corpus* a willing sacrifice to the blistering flames must be an undoubted exemplification of the Darwinian theory." Connection here is not easy to establish—but no matter.

An inventive genius, with more brilliant daring than most of his predecessors, some account of whose plan we have given, has proposed the adaptation of the pneumatic tube idea to the transportation of grain from the West to the East, by means of a long pipe running between the Northwest and the seaboard. He claims to have demonstrated that a pressure of two pounds to the square inch can be maintained, which will propel wheat, corn, oats, etc., at the rate of 150 or 200 miles an hour. The expense of this tunnel to be about $5,000 a mile.—*Chicago Inter-Ocean.*

PURE WATER.—In the late Ashantee war, in regions were the drinking water was notoriously unwholesome, sulphate of alumina was added to the water, and by this means the organic and other impurities were precipitated, leaving the water colorless and perfectly wholesome. The same principle applies to all impure water, and should be remembered and acted upon where it may be found to be needful.

Epitaph for a cannibal—"One who loved his fellow-men."

A Race for a Bride.

Love laughs at bolts and bars, and yet, at the same time, there is "many a slip betwixt the cup and the lip." The following true story pungently illustrates both of the above truisms. It happened a few days ago in an adjoining county. A comely youth fell madly in love with a rural belle. She smiled upon his suit and doubtless sighed upon his waistcoat. They resolved to become "twain of one flesh," but the stern father of the would-be bride was dead set against it and fiercely forbid the bans. But "love laughs at bolts and bars," and the young couple stole away amid the friendly darkness of a moonless night, fled to a neighbor's and about dawn the next morning succeeded in securing the services of a parson. All things were made ready to tie the silken knot, and the hopes of the lovers beat high with the joys of a speedy fruition. But right here the parson manifested some doubts as to the propriety of the proceeding, and insisted on sending for the cruel parent and getting his consent before proceeding with the ceremony. After much arguing, and his promising to intercede with the girl's father, and convincing both that success would certainly crown his appeals in their behalf, they finally consented, and the irascible old gent was sent for. Here comes in that other truism: "There's many a slip twixt the cup and the lip.' In due season and within an hour for the messenger to return with the cruel parent, a fierce clatter of hoofs was heard down the lane and a voice wildly shouting, "I won't consent; d—d if I do; I solemnly forbid the bans," struck consternation and terror into the hearts of the would-be bride and groom. The groom ran down to the door, and looking down the lane, saw at its further end, the infuriated father coming like the wind, his white hair wildly streaming, and shouting with every breath, "I won't consent," etc. With the promptness of a veteran, the lover seized his intended bride and mounted his steed in hot haste, bore her off in the opposite direction at a furious speed. The father, with the vigor of despair, plunged his spurs deeper into his foaming steed, and gave hot pursuit, followed by the parson and the assembled guests, all mounted, and taking a lively interest in the sequel of the race. Down the road, over hills, through the mist of valleys, into forests, vocal with the song of morning, they held their mad career. But the horse that bore the lovers gradually slackened his pace under the double burden, and the avenging parent steadily gained on them. Finally he overtook the flying pair, and reaching forth snatched his daughter from her lover's grasp, wheeled his panting steed and bore her rapidly toward home. The lover, maddened but not despairing, gave chase, and back over the same road, cheered by the shouts of the excited party, rushed the father and daughter and lover. The young man soon devoured the distance between him and his intended bride, and with a grasp of iron tore her from the parental arms and essayed to bear her off in triumph. But the old man, game to the last, renewed his strength and speed, and a furious struggle for possession ensued. But the party of friends and the parson put an end to the struggle by giving the girl to her father, and advising the young man to wait for a more propitious occasion. Thus ended, but not finally, we feel assured, one of the most exciting races for a bride known to either truth or fiction.—*Jackson (Tenn.) Whig.*

LADY LOUDON'S UNDYING HATE.—In the will of the Countess of Loudon, who died in England recently, was found a clause directing that her right hand be cut off and buried in the park at Castle Dennington, at the bend of the hill to the Trent, with a small cross over it, bearing the motto, "I byde my tyme." The explanation of this singular request shows that the Countess, who had been a life-long enemy of Queen Victoria, desired to carry her implacable hatred of Victoria beyond the grave. The place of burial mentioned overlooks one of the Queen's country seats. The skeleton hand with its threatening epitaph was meant to point its slow unwavering finger at the Queen, reminding her of the injustice done long years ago to a younger sister of the countess. In the early queenhood of Victoria the sister mentioned was a maid of honor. Gay and thoughtless, the young girl had a freedom of manner which gave the gossips of the day an opportunity, all too well abused, of blackening her fame, which had been tarnished by no criminal act of hers. The Queen hearkened to the slander, and banished the beautiful but indiscreet girl from her household. The falsity of the scandal was shown, but not until the poor, dishonored maid of honor had died of a broken heart. The Countess of Loudon blamed the Queen for her sister's untimely fate, and determined to revenge that sister's wrongs. Never after did she appear at court, and upon every royal *fete* day kept closely immured. Her post-mortem pursuit of the Queen is ghastly but impotent.—*Chicago Times.*

A man in Maine has discovered the advantage of a large family. He has twenty-two children, and recently, when he made arrangements for moving from one school district to another, thus transferring his school-tax, his old neighbors offered to pay him something thing to remain among them. His new neighbors, however, offered to remove him free of expense, and so prevailed.

MARINE FISHERIES OF MAINE IN 1873.—According to the *Gloucester Telegraph* the total value of the cured and packed herring, codfish, haddock, pollock, and mackerel in Maine last year, will approximate $800,000, giving employment to not less than 550 men. In catching cod and mackerel 861 vessels are employed, aggregating 46,196 tons burden.

Pay down and you will never be dunned to pay up.

[From the Commercial Herald.]

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.

We have now entered upon the last month of the harvest year, and our tables of receipts and exports show that our total supplies of Wheat and Flour (in grain) aggregate for 11 months of 1873-4, 9,750,000 centals, against same time in 1872-3 of 11,200,000 centals; while our exports for the same period, reducing Flour to Wheat, aggregate in 1872-3, 10,237,982 centals, valued at $18,451,978; 1873-4, 8,971,329 centals, valued at $19,054,225. This is certainly a handsome exhibit for what is called a dry year. There are several vessels now on the berth for the United Kingdom to load with dispatch, and it is probable that half a dozen ships will yet be laden before the close of June.

The Wheat harvest has already commenced in favored localities, and it is probable that a few hundred sacks of the new crop will reach us before the close of the week from Hill's Ferry, etc. There is scarcely a doubt but that at least two cargoes of new Wheat will be cleared prior to July 1st, and with this end in view $1 85 is freely offered for a thousand tons or more to arrive this month. The Hay harvest has become very general throughout the State; the crop will be large and of superior quality.

FLOUR—Business is very slack at present, being largely confined to local trade requirements. The ship Grandee is now completing her cargo of 15,000 bbls Extra at Vallejo Starr Mills. Exports for the week include 1,832 qr and 186 hf sks to Honolulu per D. C. Murray; 1,962 bbls to China and Japan per Colorado; the Aminta for Liverpool carried 33,295 hf sks and 8,065 qr sks various brands. The receipts during the week include the J. L. Stephens' cargo from Oregon, say 5,042 qr sks and 115 hf sks. We quote Oregon Extra at $5@5 25 for round lots to exporters California Superfine for export may be quoted at $4 50@4 75; Extra Superfine, $5@5 25; Baker's and Family Extra, $5 50@5 75 ℔ 196 lbs. The best Extra silk-dressed from the Golden Age and Golden Gate Mills is jobbing at $6 ℔ bbl.

WHEAT—The market is very slack, with light offerings; shippers not free purchasers, while millers take all the desirable lots at current rates. The next Panama steamer will carry another small shipment of 40 tons en route for Liverpool; this and the like shipments referred to last week, for Leith, etc., are made simply to test the expenses attending each mart, and to endeavor to learn the desirability or practicability of making direct shipments to inland towns or cities in the United Kingdom, France, etc. In another week we will be in receipt of more or less Wheat of the new crop, and for this $1 65 is now freely offered for round parcels. The sales for the week include 2,500 sks good to choice milling at $1 80@1 85; 5,000 sks extra choice, $1 85@1 87½; 1,500 sks ordinary in lots, $1 65@1 75 ℔ ctl; 1,000 sks inferior Coast, $1 60@1 62½. Liverpool quotations of June 3d are: For average California, 12s 7d@12s 10d; club, 12s 9d@13s, which is a slight advance for the week.

BARLEY—The demand is quite light at present. Holders of choice brewing are, however, firm in their views, while coast has been sold as low as $1 50 for feed. We note sales of 1,500 sks choice brewing at $1 80@1 85; 2,500 sks bright bay, in lots, at $1 65@1 70; 2,500 sks feed at $1 50@1 55 ℔ ctl. The John L. Stephens from Oregon brought us 715 sacks.

OATS—The market is very slack since the sailing of the Australian steamer Mikado. The John L. Stephens from Oregon brought us 2,058 sks. The sales for the week, in lots, aggregate 1,500 sks good to choice at $1 70@1 75; 1,500 sks light at $1 55@1 60 ℔ ctl.

CORN—The supply is light, with sales of about 1,000 sks Southern Yellow at $2 ℔ ctl.

RYE—There is very little offering, and business slack at $1 50@1 55, according to quality.

BEANS—There continues a fair inquiry. We quote jobbing rates: Bayos, 2½@2¾c; Butter, 6@7c; Pea, 5½@5¾c; Small White, 5½@5¾c; Pink and Red, 2¼@2½c.

HAY—There continues a good demand, at $14@17 ℔ ton for old; new, $10@14.

MUSTARD SEED—There is a light demand for White at 1½@2½c. Brown and Red, 2@3c, according to quality, but the supply is very light

OIL CAKE MEAL—The mill price to the trade is yet $32 50, less the customary discount.

BUCKWHEAT—The demand is light; price nominal say 3½c.

ALFALFA SEED—The demand is light, with small jobbing sales at 12½c.

BRAN AND MIDDLINGS—The present mill price in jobbing lots $16 for the former and $26 ℔ ton for the latter.

ONIONS—Of the new crop are now arriving freely, and selling at $1 12½@1 25 ℔ 100 lbs.

HONEY—The market bare of Comb. Strained in 2-lb cans is worth $3 25; Comb in 2-lb cans, $4 ℔ doz.

BEESWAX—Small quantities now coming in; selling at 25c.

HOPS—Advices from New York state that "fine" are scarce at 30c; choice Californian inquired for at full figures. Last week we noted a shipment East of 171 bales overland for growers' account. Our market is at present dull and prices nominal.

POTATOES—The early planted crop at the Mission seems to be blighted—dead—doubtless owing to the continued planting of same seed on old ground. Two or three crops every year, and the product thereof cut and planted in bits as soon as one crop is gathered, are quite sufficient to account for the failure. There is, we think, no reason to fear the contagion extending to other localities, but it is a timely warning to all parties to change their seed, and not cut the same "too fine." The *Evening Post* says the blight has extended to Half Moon Bay, the Alms House farm, etc. The blight gives its first symptom in the stalks drooping and rapidly turning black; vegetation ceases, the leaves and stems dry so that they crumble into powder at the touch, and a discoloration of the potato follows; so they wither and dry up from lack of nourishment from the stalk. The blight is said to be very similar to the potato murrain which occasioned the Irish famine of 1846-7. The cause of the disease has never been definitely settled, but the best authorities attribute it to a deterioration arising from frequent propagation by tubers, instead of germinating from the seed. The stock of Humboldt is light, and in good demand at $1 12½@1 25; jobbing sales, $1 50 ℔ 100 lbs. New crop Mission are in light supply, selling from wagons at $1 75@2 ℔ 100 lbs.

WOOL—The demand continues active, and good parcels find quick sale at extreme rates. Take it all in all, the season has been a very satisfactory one to the producer as well as for the purchaser. The clip has been very large, notwithstanding the great loss of sheep through the winter months, and the number of pounds marketed will prove that the increase has been fully equal to the per centage of former years, while the condition has been superior, owing principally to the fine winter rains and consequent late green grasses. Prices have been in advance of the early expectations of wool growers, and therefore all parties on the coast identified with this interest have cause for congratulation. Sales for the week approximate 1,000,000 lbs. Burry, 20@22c; average staple, 23@25c; choice fleece, 26@28c; extra choice, 30c. The Oregon Wool trade is thus spoken of by the *Commercial Bulletin* of Portland, under date of May 30: "The Wool trade of Oregon has grown to be of considerable importance, the clip of this season being estimated at 3,000,000 lbs, and both producers and dealers are deeply interested in the condition of the market, present and prospective. The strong tone of the San Francisco and Eastern markets has strengthened the prices here, and 25c ℔ lb is now offered for choice Willamette, and 16@20c for Eastern Oregon. This is a considerable advance on prices offered at this time last year, and dealers are not over anxious to buy, fearing that when the Western clip reaches the market, prices will decline." We submit the following circular report of the market, of this date, as prepared by a leading commission house: "As near as it can be made out, receipts have been about 14,000,000 lbs, fully three-fourths of the Spring clip purchases (almost entirely by Eastern money) about 12,000,000 lbs leaving a stock on hand of about 2,000,000 lbs. The market continues active for choice fleece, defective being a little neglected. We quote choice and extra choice 26@29½c; a large line of choice Red Bluff Wool sold last week at 28½c; good, 23@25½c; average staple, 20@22½c; burry, 19@22½c, according to condition, staple, and quantity of burrs. Most of the Wools now arriving are seedy and quite burry, if at all."

HIDES—The daily receipts average about 1,500. Prices for Dry have declined slightly, with a lessened demand. Trade dull. We quote Dry, 16½@18¼c; Dry Murrain, 12@13c; Wet Salted 8½@9c.

TALLOW—The market is quite active, with sales of 14,000 lbs Crude at 7¼@7½c, 30 days. Eastern overland parcels cost 7¾c. Refined, 9@9½c.

DAIRY PRODUCTS—Many of the dairymen are engaged in packing the bulk of their stock, and the present receipts are therefore only equal to the daily consumption. Fresh Roll may now be quoted firm at 27@30c for good to choice; a few fancy dairies held higher. Firkin Butter, newly packed, is selling at 28@30c. California Cheese is more plentiful and prices have declined to 12½@15c. No Eastern here. Eggs—Receipts of fresh California have been quite light for the week past, while the demand has not been lessened; consequently all imported Eggs have met with quick sales and at advanced prices. Fresh California bring 27@28c; Oregon, 23c. Of the latter, 14,000 doz arrived per last steamer. Eastern are again plentiful, with free arrivals and the prospect of a decline soon.

CATTLE—Meats of all descriptions are plenty and cheap; quality excellent. Slaughterer's prices are: Beef, ℔ quarter, first quality, 5@6c; second quality, 3@4c. Mutton is plentiful, 3@4c. Spring Lambs, 5@6c. Calves are held at 5@6c. Hogs are very plentiful, and prices have fallen to 6@6½c, the latter price for small, which are very scarce, and 8@8½c for dressed, the latter for choice small Hogs.

FRUIT—The market is now abundantly supplied with Cherries, causing some decline in rates. Apricots from Solano County and of good quality are now on sale; also, Raspberries from Alameda. Strawberries continue plentiful, yet the rush is over for the season, as canners have got their full supply, and prices are now down below a remunerative point. Currants are plentiful. Now is the time for thinning out Apples, Peaches, Plums. It costs labor and money, but it pays in an extra price for what remains. Blackberries have appeared, of very choice varieties, and for days sold at a dollar per pound. Oranges, Lemons, Limes, etc., are now obtainable in quantities. Cucumbers, Summer Squash, String-beans, Peas and Asparagus are all plentiful. Quotations are as follows: Apples, choice, $2@2 50 ℔ box. Oranges, Tahiti, $32 50@35 ℔ M; Los Angeles, $20@45 ℔ M. Lemons, Sicily, $14 ℔ box; Los Angeles, $15@20 ℔ M; Australian, $7 ℔ 100. Limes, $15@17 50 ℔ M. Bananas, $2@3 ℔ bunch. Pine Apples, $5@6 ℔ doz. Cocoanuts, $7@8 ℔ 100. Strawberries, 3@7c ℔ lb. Cherries—choice, 12@30c; common, 6@8c ℔ lb. Gooseberries, 7@8c ℔ lb. Raspberries, 5@c ℔ lb. Mangoes, $3@4 ℔ lb. Apricots, 18@20c ℔ lb.

FARM AND GARDEN.

EARLY TOMATOES WITHOUT A HOT-BED.—Procure empty tin oyster cans that can be found in abundance in any vilage. With a pair of shears cut off the top and you will have a vessel about six inches deep, four and one-half wide, and one and one-half thick. Fill with the best soil you can find, and sow your seed, and place your can near the kitchen stove. If you can procure some moss, such as grows on old logs, cut a piece to fit the top of each can. Saturate the moss with water, and this will keep the seeds moist, and they will germinate very quick. As soon as the plants prick through the ground, take off the moss and place the cans near a window in the sunshine. After a few days, pull up all of the plants but one or two. If you save but one, let it be near the center of the vessel. If two, of course they should stand near the ends of the vessel. As soon as the weather is warm enough, put them outdoors in the middle of the day. Leave them in the cans until all danger of frost is over, and the ground warm enough that they may grow right along. Then select a favorable day; wet the earth in each can thoroughly; turn them up-side down, tapping gently on the bottom, and the ball of earth will slip out, and you can transplant them without their growth being checked twenty-four hours.

PROLIFIC SHEEP.—The Hereford (England) *Times* relates the following, as showing the prolific nature of sheep when extra pains are taken to insure this end:

Within the last fifteen months, forty-eight ewes belonging to Mr. Thomas Taylor, of Aston Rowant, Oxon, have produced 295 lambs, all of which are still living, or have been sold fat. Forty-four of the ewes have each had three pairs, and most of them in less than fourteen months (a few in only thirteen months and two weeks). Two ewes brought seven lambs each, viz., two a few days before Christmas, 1872, two in June, 1873, and three in January, 1874. One ewe produced eight lambs within fourteen months. One (half bred) has given birth to nine lambs in fifteen months, in the following order:—Two a few days before Christmas, 1872, which realized about £5 at Easter; in June she had three, two of which were sold in December for £4 16s., the other (an ewe lamb) was saved for stock, and will probably have a lamb of her own in May next. On March 11th, the same ewe had, four lambs, all of which are strong and healthy, and the mother doing well and in good condition. Twenty-one of the above are Dorset ewes, twenty-seven either Hampshire Downs or half-breds. If one may be allowed to count their chickens before they are hatched, several of these forty-eight ewes will lamb again next June, or early in July. The forty-eight ewes are selected in consequence of their not having lost either of their lambs, or having had less than six to live; but many other ewes lambed three times as above, which either lost some, or did not have three, four or five in the time.

GARGET IN MILCH COWS.—The *Country Gentleman* gives the following as prescriptions that have been given for garget in milch cows.

1. Cut up fine the roots of "sooke" (*phytolacba decandra*) or "pigeon berry," and give two tablespoonfuls in bran or meal twice a day for two or three days; then omit the root for the same length of time. Repeat until cured.
2. Give one ounce pulverized saltpetre in a bran mash once a day for two or three days. Repeat as in No. 1.
3. Give seven drops of tincture of aconite, dropped on a piece of bread, and fed in a bran mash for two or three days, once each day. Repeat as in No. 1.
4. Give in same manner as in No. 3, one-half teaspoonful of tincture of aconite root. (This is not the same as the "tincture aconite" in No. 3.)
5. Linseed oil, one ounce; kerosene, one ounce; tincture of aconite, twenty-five drops. Rub the bag well with this mixture two or three times a day. Feed roots or bran mash es freely.
6. Spirits ammonia, one ounce; camphor, one ounce; goose, skunk, coon or other soft oil, four ounces. Rub the bag well and often with this.
7. Muriate of ammonia, three-fourths ounce; water one quart. Wash the bag daily with this, rubbing thoroughly.
8. Sweet oil, two ounces; alcohol, four ounces; aqua ammonia, four ounces; tincture of opium, two ounces. Rub in thoroughly two, three or four times daily.

PRUNING BLACKBERRIES.—Persons having cultivated the New Rochelle blackberry, are possessed of sufficient knowledge to understand the fact that the longer they allow the canes to remain unpruned, the lateral branches are proportionally shorter, and the fruit smaller. To obtain the largest sized berries and the largest quantity, too, cut back the leading canes to not exceeding four feet in length, and shorten in also the lateral branches. This will be found to increase also the breadth of the stool, affording more bearing room, and generally to result in greatly improving the crop. It is not too late yet to shorten in, where it has been much neglected, as we often see it in some of our gardens. In July the young wood, which by that time has grown over the tops of the old, bearing canes, should be clipped, especially the lateral branches. It will have the best effect upon next year's crop.—*Germantown Telegraph*.

At Wakefield, R. I., the other day, a woman found an oyster, the shell of which is eleven and a half inches long.

London consumes 130,000 bushels of cinders yearly.

The Divorce of Stokes.

The memory of Fisk, Stokes, etc., is revived this morning by a statement Mr. Stokes has published in the New York papers. He makes this statement in explanation of the divorce his wife has sued him for, and obtained some twelve days ago. It seems that Stokes had agreed to the divorce, and that the curse of privacy was thrown around the proceedings. Stokes says he desired no secrecy himself about the divorce, and adds in words that have a certain pathos in them:

"In justice to myself I ask you to contradict the story which has so long prejudiced persons against me, that I abandoned my wife and child. I never was guilty of any such contemptible act. I was married when scarcely 21 to Maria Southack, daughter of a gentleman of wealth, and my life ever since has been wretched. Our temperaments were diametrically opposite. She was intemperate—but—[here Stokes bowed his head, his lips quivered, and his eyes watered]—I do not wish to dwell on that. It is enough to say that her society was distasteful to me on that account. At times, however, her conduct was almost perfection. My little girl, of whom I am overfond, created so strong and irresistible a link between us that I preferred to endure almost anything rather than insist upon a separation. I always treated my wife with kindness. Every luxury that money could afford I lavished upon her. She had her carriages and servants, and no one in New York was more comfortably situated than she. I sent her to Europe in the spring of 1871. Our daughter and my wife's aunt went with her. She parted from me affectionately. I paid all her expenses across, and sent her $1,000 in gold a month. By every steamer I received endearing letters from her."

Mr. Stokes also gives a letter from his wife, in which she acknowledges the receipt of money from him, and which, in its tone, certainly conveys no idea that the wife felt neglected; but asserts she herself wished to stay in Paris. He finished by saying:

"We mutually agreed upon a divorce a short time ago. I made no opposition to her application, and a decree was privately granted in her favor. If she was in my place, and I in hers, I would hasten to her relief."

Poor Stokes, how thoroughly imbued he still is with the omnipotence of money! "Every luxury that money could afford I lavished upon her." Like Fisk and like all of that terrible crowd, he can't comprehend that "carriages and servants" may not be all that the woman married him for. She had wealth of her own. Since he married her his life, he says, has been "wretched." Between them who can judge? Was it Stokes' reckless life made her intemperate, or was it her intemperance drove him to that reckless life?—*Brooklyn Eagle.*

HOW NUTMEGS GROW.—This spice, so much used in every family, is indigenous to the Moluccas, reaching its greatest perfection in Amboyna. This island belongs to the Dutch, who do not permit the cultivation of the nutmeg in the other islands under their control. The nutmeg tree is twenty-five or thirty feet high when fully grown, with foliage of a rich dark green, and very plentiful. It reaches maturity, or full productiveness, at the fifteenth year from planting. From the blossom to the ripening of the fruit takes about seven months, but as the tree is a perennial bearer there are always blossoms, green fruit and ripe on the tree. The yield is most plentiful in the last four months of the year. The average yield per annum of a healthy tree is five pounds of nutmegs and one and one-fourth pounds of mace. A plantation of 1000 trees requires the labor of seven coolies, fifty oxen and two plows for cultivating and harvesting. The fruit is gathered by means of a hook attached to a long pole. It is shaped like a pear, about the size of a peach, and has a delicate "bloom." The nut has three coverings; the outside one is a thick, fleshy husk, having a strong flavor of nutmeg. This husk, preserved in syrup when young, is a favorite sweetmeat in the East Indies. Under this husk is the bright red mace, which is carefully flattened by hand and dried on mats in the sun. It loses it rich scarlet, and becomes a dull orange color, and requires to be kept perfectly dry to preserve its flavor. After the mace is removed from the fruit, the nuts, in their brown shells, are placed on hurdles over a slow fire, which is kept constantly burning under them for two months. The nuts then rattle in the shells, which are cracked with a wooden mallet, the sound nuts selected and packed in wooden cases, and sprinkled over with dry, sifted lime, and are then ready for market. The best nutmegs are dense, emit oil when pricked with a pin, and can always be known by their heavy weight. Poor ones are light and easily known.

ORIGIN OF THE FORGET-ME-NOT.—The popular tradition, which tells how the name came to be applied to the plant which now bears it throughout Europe, is not generally known. It is that a knight and a lady were walking by the side of the Danube, interchanging vows of devotion and affection, when the latter saw on the other side of the stream the bright blue flowers of the myostis, and expressed a desire for them. The knight, eager to gratify her, plunged into the river, and reaching the opposite bank, gathered a bunch of flowers. On his return, however, the current proved too strong for him, and after many efforts to reach the land, he was borne away. With a last effort he flung the fatal blossom upon the bank, exclaiming, as he did so, "Forget me not."

Two millions and a quarter of people have emigrated from Ireland to America during the last twenty two years.

EXTRAORDINARY OPPORTUNITY
For the Diseased and Deformed.

Owing to the hard times and the inability of many of the suffering to visit the NATIONAL SURGICAL INSTITUTE AT INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA, three of the Surgeons of the Institute have yielded to urgent solicitations and will revisit the Pacific Coast, where they can be consulted at their old rooms, 319 Bush street, between Kearny and Montgomery, San Francisco, from the 26th of May to the 1st day of July, 1874. They will have with them all kinds of Surgical Apparatus and Appliances, and will be fully prepared to treat such cases as may call upon them for relief; also to re examine their old patients and furnish and direct for their continued treatment. They will come especially prepared to treat all Surgical cases, Paralysis, all kinds of deformities of the Face, Spine and Limbs, Diseased Joints, Diseased Eyes, Catarrh, Piles, Fistula, etc. No cases will be undertaken without a fair hope of relief. Prices will be mod erate. It is needless to say that this Institution is entirely responsible, and the largest and most popular of the kind in America, curing thousands of cases annually.

All the afflicted who are in need of treatment such as this Institute only is prepared to give should not fail to see the Doctors during their short visit, as another such opportunity may never be afforded them. Remember the time and place, and come as early as possible.

ONE OF CALIFORNIA'S SUCCESSFUL ENTERPRISES.

In view of the admission by one and all that California's prospects were never brighter than at the present time, it is gratifying to note the success of one of our local industries that is now in a position to reap the benefit. We refer to the CALIFORNIA SILK MANUFACTURING COMPANY. This company, after having struggled for over two (2) years and having many difficulties to overcome, has reached a point where success is no longer a doubt. The management of the Company was changed some months ago, and since that time its course has been onward. Its affairs are now in the hands of some of our most stirring business men. The factory, situated at South San Francisco, is in the best possible running order. We were shown through the building by the gentlemanly Superintendent, Mr. Morrison, who, we are informed, has done so much to further the interests of the Company, and to establish it as one of our local paying manufacturing industries. We were informed by him that nearly all the machinery was new and of the latest improved kinds, and that it had been put in place during the past few months; from the bright and polished appearance of it, we had no reason to doubt what he said. Everything in and about the building has a clean, bright, and active look. We were much interested in the process of manufacturing machine and other silk threads, and were somewhat astonished at the deep interest the hands appeared to take in their work, especially the girls. We may here mention that nearly all the work is done by young girls, varying in age, we should judge, from fourteen to twenty years, of whom there are nearly 100 employed. The process of cleansing and dyeing, and the spooling of the silk, is a marvel of curiosity. We never, to our knowledge, spent an hour of greater interest, in any manufacturing establishment, than the hour we spent in the building of the California Silk Manufacturing Company. Becoming so interested, we were induced to visit the Company's office and salesroom, at 569 Market Street, where we met Mr. Brown, of the firm of W. S. Brown & Co., agents for the Company. We were courteously shown the different kinds of goods they were making, and were agreeably surprised at seeing, for the first time, over 150 different shades of colors, and of superior quality. The many different kinds of goods made by the Company was surprising to us. We saw spools of Button Hole Twist, containing only 10 yards, and Machine Silk, containing all the way from 100 yards to 2,400 yards to the spool. The Tram and Organzine, a very fine and soft thread, for weavers' and fringe-makers' purposes, put up on ounce spools, we were informed contained from 15,000 yards to 20,000 yards to the spool. We also observed a fine article of Tailors' Button Hole Twist, something entirely new, ingeniously put up, the strands being wound around by a fine blue thread to prevent them from being tangled when cut off for use, and so that a single thread can be drawn out and leave the remaining threads intact. We saw some of the silk formerly made by the Company, and in comparing it with the goods they are now making, the contrast was astonishing. Mr. Brown assured us that all the goods they were now receiving from the factory were strictly first-class, and fully equal to the best Eastern, and in many respects superior, and that they guaranteed the length and weight of every spool. He informed us that the greatest difficulty they had to contend against was the Eastern goods of short measure and light weight; that the great bulk of the Eastern goods brought to this market were of that class. We were pleased to hear that their goods were now much sought after, and that their sales had more than doubled within the past five months, and that it was all they could do to supply the demand for certain kinds. The determination of the Company to make nothing but strictly first-class goods, and of standard weight and measure, must insure it a prosperous future.

The California silk is now to be had in nearly every retail store on the coast, and we hope consumers will give it a fair trial, and be satisfied that it is far better than any Eastern goods.

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

"The Blood is the Life." When this source is corrupted, the painful and sorrow-producing effects are visible in many shapes. The multifarious forms in which it manifests itself would form subjects upon which I might write volumes. But as all the varied forms of disease which depend upon bad blood are cured, or best treated, by such medicines as take up from this fluid and excrete from the system the noxious elements, it is not of practical importance that I should describe each. For instance, medical authors describe about fifty varieties of skin disease, but as they all require for their cure very similar treatment, it is of no practical utility to know just what name to apply to a certain form of skin disease, so you know best how to cure it. Then again I might go on and describe various kinds of scrofulous sores, fever sores, white swellings, enlarged glands, and ulcers of varying appearance; might describe how virulent poison may show itself in various forms of eruptions, ulcers, sore throat, bony tumors, etc.; but as all these variously appearing manifestations of bad blood are cured by a uniform means, I deem such a course unnecessary. Thoroughly cleanse the blood, which is the great fountain of life, and good digestion, a fair skin, buoyant spirits, vital strength, and a sound constitution will all return to us. For this purpose Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Purgative Pellets are pre-eminently the articles needed. They are warranted to cure Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, St. Anthony's Fire, Rose Rash or Erysipelas, Ring Worms, Pimples, Blotches, Spots, Eruptions, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Rough Skin, Scurf, Scrofulous Sores and Swellings, Fever Sores, White Swellings, Tumors, Old Sores or Swellings, Affections of the Skin, Throat, and Bones, and Ulcers of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, and Lungs.

WONDERFUL DISCOVERY AT OUR VERY DOOR.

In boring for an Artesian well on Josiah Sessions' property in Alameda County, near Tubbs' Hotel, a year ago, a stream of water was struck, possessing the most Wonderful Medicinal Properties. It is known by the name of

VERNON MINERAL WATER.

It has been in constant use by a number of parties afflicted with different maladies: and has made complete cures in some of the worst cases of Dyspepsia. Kidney Affections, Sick Headache, Constipation, Piles, Scrofula, etc. We refer to the following parties who have used and been cured by the famous VERNON MINERAL WATER. Dr. Washington Ayer; Mrs Elizabeth Watson, Brooklyn; Mrs. Capell, Brooklyn; A. L. Van Vleet, corner Ellis and Eleventh streets, Oakland; Josiah Sessions; Mrs. Hook, Brooklyn; Milton Sessions, corner California and Battery streets; Mr. Putnam; Luke La Rue, and hundreds of others.

We have numerous testimonials from prominent parties, which we will be pleased to show to any one.

The following testimonial from one of San Francisco's most prominent and eminent physicians on the efficacy and curative powers of Vernon Mineral Water, speaks for itself:

To whom it may concern: I hereby certify that for several years I had been suffering from a phosphatic condition of the urine, which caused all the unpleasant symptoms of a severe disease of the kidneys. About one year ago my attention was called to some peculiarity of the water of a well sunk on the premises of Josiah Sessions, at Oakland. I drank freely of it a few times and found great relief, and, in fact, have had no particular inconvenience nor suffering from the kidney since and my habit of life has not been changed. I attribute the change in my system to the effect of the Vernon Mineral Water, and would earnestly recommend those suffering in a like manner to make free use of it. The result of analysis of Vernal Mineral Water made by J. S Phillips, an eminent chemist of this city, fully recommends its use to the attention of the medical profession, whose object is to relieve suffering through every available means made known to them.

Very Respectfully,
WASHINGTON AYER, M. D.
Office 410 Kearny.

I. A. KENNEY, Agent, 238 Montgomery Street, San Francisco.

The Idea of a Universal Medicine is at last realized in Dr. Walker's Vinegar Bitters. This concentrated essence of the finest medicinal herbs and roots in the Western hemisphere eradicates all diseases which have not undermined the sources of vitality, and in Chronic Indigestion, Nervous Headache, Congestion of the Liver, Rheumatism, Gout, General Debility, and innumberable ulcerous and scabious disorders, it is a specific absolute and infallible.

PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL—A reliable remedy that you cannot afford to be without. In time of need it will save you many dollars in money and many pangs of pain. Every bottle its own testimonial. The people everywhere use and recommend PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL as the best remedy in the world for all Lameness and Pain. For sale by all druggists. A. McBOYLE & CO., Druggists, San Francisco, Proprietors.

A Favorable Notoriety.—The good reputation of Brown's Bronchial Troches, for the relief of Coughs, Colds, and Throat Diseases, has given them a favorable notoriety.

DYSPEPSIA And all Diseases of the Stomach and Bowels are wonderfully relieved by LANGLEY'S MAGNESIA APERIENT—a pleasant beverage, perfectly harmless, and invaluable as a household remedy.

IF YOU WANT PAYING WORK,
CUT THIS OUT AND SEND IT TO
J. B. FORD & CO., 339 Kearny Street, SAN FRANCISCO.

DOES A YOUNG LADY WANT A PIANO OR A SILK DRESS?
Let her write to CHAS. P. KIMBALL, 513 Hayes St., San Francisco, Cal., inclosing a stamp, and he will inform her how to buy them.

Agents Wanted—$100 a Month.
A new way to make money. For full particulars, cut this out and send to A. L. BANCROFT & CO., San Francisco.

HUM✱✱XPOSED ALL ABOUT Lotteries, Gift Enterprises, Furnishing Co's, Quacks, Rights, Recipes and all other Cheats, Humbugs and swindles. SENT FREE. Address H. J. GILL, 10 Bost'y Place, Boston, Mass.

DOES A YOUNG MAN WANT A FARM OR A GOOD HORSE?
Let him write to CHAS. P. KIMBALL, 513 Hayes St. San Francisco, Cal., inclosing a stamp, and he will inform him how to buy it.

AGENTS WANTED,
In every town and city on the Pacific coast, to sell the BAZAR PATTERNS AND ROYAL CHART. Money easily made. Send for catalogue. MME. MORROW, 25 New Montgomery Street, San Francisco.

ROGUES RASCALS AND SWINDLERS all hate the STAR SPANGLED BANNER, because it shows up all their "games," exposes all their "schemes," and ventilates all their tricks. It has shown up 1000 swindlers in the past ten years, and, although defamed, libeled, and persecuted, "it still waves" to 50,000 delighted readers. It is a large 40-column paper, illustrated, overflowing with splendid Stories, Poems, Sketches, Wit, Wisdom, Recipes and its specialty known as "The Rogue's Corner" in which EVERY swindler finds his level and is thoroughly exposed. Only ONE DOLLAR pays for the paper a whole year, and we give FREE GRATIS a pair of charming chromos, "Our Pets," or two elegant Prang chromos alone worth $2. Remember this is no NEW, unreliable paper, but has appeared regularly since 1863, and has a national reputation. Agents wanted. Large commissions Only $1. Ledger size. Single copies sent for 6 cents; on trial 3 months, only 15 cents. Send now. Address STAR SPANGLED BANNER, Hinsdale, N. H.

GARLAND'S VEGETABLE COUGH DROPS,
The Greatest Remedy of the age for all THROAT AND LUNG COMPLAINTS. Warranted to Cure. Sold everywhere. Depot, 828 Market St., San Francisco.

REAL HAIR POMPADOUR BRAIDS,
THICK, WITHOUT RATS, from $3 to $4 25; long switches, $6; three long heavy side curls, $3 25; long single curl, $1. First quality hair. Tangled hair made into curls or switches. Side curls steamed for twenty-five cents. All work done cheaper than elsewhere. JOHN D. WILSON, 411 Sutter Street, opposite the Synagogue, San Francisco.

Anderson & Woods' American
CAST STEEL.
PRICE, 18c. PER LB.
Every Bar warranted and guaranteed equal to any English brand.
HOOKER & CO.,
Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast,
117 and 119 California Street, San Francisco.

HORSE BLANKETS
Both plain and fancy, at the lowest rates.
SADDLERS, PLEASE TAKE NOTICE.
Address GEO. M. MAIN,
63 New Montgomery St., San Francisco.

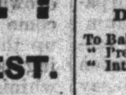
AMERICAN EXCHANGE HOTEL,
SANSOME STREET,
(Next adjoining Bank of California, San Francisco.)
Prices reduced. First-class Board, per day, $1; per week, $6; per month, $25.
Board and Room, per day, $1 50 to $2; per week, $8 to $14; per month, $30 to $60. Prices for families reduced. Terms, payable in advance. BRYAN BROS. Proprietors.

USE
SCHAEFFER'S
STEARIC ACID
CANDLES.
The best in the market.

Human Hair
The largest Wholesale and Retail Human and Imitation Hair Store on the Pacific Coast. ☞ All kinds of Hair Work done to order.
C. M. CHAPMAN,
25 New Montgomery Street,
Grand Hotel Building, San Francisco.

WHITTIER, FULLER & CO.,
Manufacturers and Importers of
Paints, Oils, Varnishes,
Artists' and Painters' Materials, Plate, Sheet and Window Glass. Sole Agents French and Belgian Plate Glass Companies. 21 and 23 Front St., San Francisco—28 K St., Sacramento.

S.E. corner Fifth and Bryant Sts., S. F.
Cattle, Sheep, Milch Cows, Hogs, and Horses, sold on commission, or bought on farm for cash.
Address DAWSON & BANCROFT,
449 Fifth Street, San Francisco.

200 PIANOS
AT $300 EACH.

JUST ARRIVED, with a new stock of Piano Fortes from the East and opened a new warehouse; will sell first-class instruments cheaper than the advertised rattle traps, or used-up, worn-out, second hand Pianos; lowest New York prices. The Great Piano Warehouse, 614 Washington Street, San Francisco
T. M. ANTISELL & CO.

ARE YOU GOING
To PAINT?
THEN USE THE BEST.
THE
AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT
Will last THREE times as long as the BEST lead and oil without CHALKING; is of any desired color. It is prepared for immediate application, requiring no Oil, Thinner, or Drier, and does not spoil by standing any length of time. It is equally as good for inside as outside work; over old work as well as new; in fact, where any paint can be used, the AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT will be found superior to any other. Any one can apply it who can use a brush, which truly makes it the FARMER'S FRIEND.
IT IS JUST THE PAINT FOR THE AGE.
IT IS SOLD BY THE GALLON ONLY.
One gallon covers 20 square yards 2 coats, or 15 yards 3 coats. For further information send for sample card and price list.
HEALY & JEWELL, Agents.
Office corner Fourth and Townsend Sts., San Francisco.

HOME
SEWING MACHINE,
Entirely new, with every improvement known to Sewing Machines—shuttle, straight needle, two threads, and lock-stitch. The Lightest Running Machine in the World. Send for circulars and samples.
☞ Active agents wanted.
E. W. HAINES, Agent, 17 New Montgomery St., Grand Hotel Block, San Francisco
We also still continue to sell the
HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE
PRICE, $45.
Agency for Mme. Demorest's reliable CUT PAPER PATTERNS. Send for catalogue.

BUILDING PAPER.
Plaster Board, plain and ornamental, used as a substitute for plastering, Tarred Sheathing, Roofing Felt, Moth-proof Carpet Lining, Pat. Paper Oilcloth, etc. An agent wanted in every town. Send for samples and circulars to BROWN BROS., General Agents, 27 Drumm Street, San Francisco, Cal.

BUCHAN'S
CRESYLIC
SHEEP DIP AND OINTMENT,
Superior to any other in use. Used in all States East of the Rocky Mountains. Send for price list and circular to
M. V. B. WATSON,
313, 315, 317 and 319 Battery St.,
P. O. BOX 1260. SAN FRANCISCO.

ROPE! ROPE!
TO THE TRADE.—Bale Rope and Manila Rope, in lots to suit, first quality, 13½ cents; second quality, 12½ cents per pound, at the "LOW PRICE" Wrapping Paper, Broom, Twine, Wood and Willow Ware Store,
No. 321 Front Street, San Francisco.
F. T. HOUGHTON & CO.

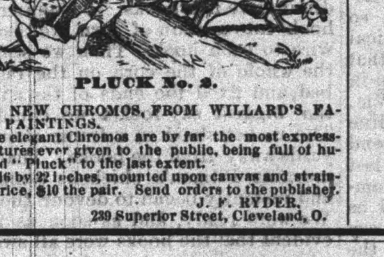
T. H. KING & CO.,
(Successors to J. D. Casebolt & Co.), Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
CARRIAGE AND WAGON MATERIALS,
Hubs, Spokes, Rims, Poles, Shafts, Bows,
CARRIAGE HARDWARE,
Trimmings, Mountings and Lamps.
Agents for Sarven Patent Wheels. Beale Street, near Market, San Francisco.

HOLT BROS.
Importers and dealers in all kinds of
HARDWOOD LUMBER, CARRIAGE AND WAGON MATERIALS.
Prices as low as the lowest. Satisfaction guaranteed Orders by mail or express solicited.
27 and 29 BEALE ST., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

CASTLE BROTHERS

IMPORTERS of TEAS and WHOLESALE GROCERS, 213 and 215 Front Street, San Francisco.
☞ Try their superior brand of Tea; quality guaranteed.

PLUCK No. 1.


PLUCK No. 2.

THE NEW CHROMOS, FROM WILLARD'S FAMOUS PAINTINGS.
These elegant Chromos are by far the most expressive pictures ever given to the public, being full of humor and "Pluck" to the last extent.
Size 16 by 22 inches, mounted upon canvas and strainers. Price, $10 the pair. Send orders to the publisher.
J. F. RYDER,
239 Superior Street, Cleveland, O.

The Pacific Irrigating Pipe and Pump Co.
A. M. JEWELL, Sup't.
Office and Factory,
SOUTH POINT MILLS,
Berry St., between Third and Fourth Sts.,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

AN AGENT wanted in every town. Send for illustrated catalogue.
Would call the attention of Farmers, Stock men and others requiring Wooden Pumps and Pipes to the fact that they are now prepared to furnish Stock, House, Farm, and Cistern Pumps and Wooden Pipe, from 1½ to 8 inches in diameter, at *prices greatly below anything* heretofore offered in California.
Pumps from $3 25 to $9.
Pipe from 10 to 50c ℔ foot.

THE
Chicago Ledger.
SUBSCRIBE FOR IT!!
THE CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN THE UNITED STATES.
Chuck-full of just such reading matter as will interest everybody. Published weekly. Quarto form. Forty-eight columns. Only ONE DOLLAR a year. Club rates and specimens furnished on application. Address
THE LEDGER COMPANY,
Chicago, Ill.

FARMERS AND HORSEMEN,
Do you believe that Horse Collars put together with COPPER RIVETS, and which never rip, will wear better than Collars sewed with thread, which rip easily? The principal horse-car lines of San Francisco, and thousands of farmers on this coast, use COPPER RIVETED HORSE COLLARS. They cost no more than the others.
Have you ever seen Horton's Felt Horse Rubber?

You should Insure your Life in the
PACIFIC
Mutual Life Insurance Co.
OF CALIFORNIA.
No. 41 Second St., Sacramento.
ACCUMULATED FUND, NEARLY
$1,250,000!
$100,000, Approved Securities, deposited with the California State Department as Security for Policy Holders everywhere.
LELAND STANFORD............President.
J. H. CARROLL............Vice President.
JOS. CRACKBON............Secretary.
Issues every description of approved LIFE, ENDOWMENT, and JOINT LIFE POLICIES, payable in Gold or Currency at the option of the Insurer, at rates as low as other mutual companies.
It receives a higher rate of interest on its investments than is received by any other Life Insurance Company in the country.
Insure NOW, for though you may be well today, next week or next month you may become uninsurable.
SCHREIBER & HOWELL,
GENERAL AGENTS, SACRAMENTO.

STATEMENT OF THE
Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.
F. S. WINSTON, President.
For the year ending December 31st, 1873.

ANNUITY ACCOUNT.

	No.	An. Paym'ts.		No.	An. Paym'nts.
In force, January 1, 1873	47	$18,578 00	In force, January 1, 1874	47	$22,000 00
Issued	10	9,698 00	Terminated	10	6,276 00
	57	$28,276 00		57	$28,276 00

INSURANCE ACCOUNT.

	No.	Amount		No.	Amount
In force, January 1, 1873	78,146	$264,591,882	In force, January 1, 1874	86,416	$289,505,836
New Risks	16,415	56,559,598	Terminated	9,145	31,645,644
	94,561	$321,151,480		95,561	$321,151,480

REVENUE ACCOUNT.

Dr.		Cr.	
To Balance from last account	$56,074,484 31	By paid Death and Endowment Claims	$3,379,634 80
" Premiums received	17,818,889 20	" Annuities	21,535 28
" Interest and Rents	3,843,113 06	" Dividends	5,405,474 66
		" Surrendered policies and additions	4,667,369 59
		" Commissions (payment of current and extinguishment of future)	835,400 22
		" Expenses and Taxes	1,063,864 64
		Balance to New Account	62,363,157 38
	$77,736,486 57		$77,736,486 57

BALANCE SHEET.

Dr.		Cr.	
To Reserve at four per cent	$61,148,784 82	By Bonds and Mortgages	$52,707,912 17
" Claims by Death not yet due	633,825 84	" U. S. and New York State Stocks	5,967,888 00
" Post-mortem dividends, due on demand	43,316 85	" Real Estate	2,539,403 35
" Premiums paid in advance	29,904 93	" Cash in Banks and Trust Companies at Interest	2,224,961 84
" Surplus accrued on Tontine Policies	26,220 10	" Interest accrued	923,572 87
" Undivided Surplus	3,727,785 03	" Premiums deferred, quarterly and semi-annual	1,097,014 96
		" Premiums in transit, principally for December	131,313 19
		" Balances due by Agents	17,771 26
	$65,609,837 67		$65,609,837 67

From the Undivided Surplus, a Dividend will be apportioned to each policy which shall be in force at its anniversary in 1874.

I have carefully examined the foregoing Statement and find the same correct.
ISAAC F. LLOYD, Auditor.
January 31st, 1874.

NOTE.—By recent act of the Trustees, the membership of this Company is limited to one hundred thousand insured lives.

SYNOPSIS OF THE ABOVE STATEMENT.

Cash Assets	$65,609,837 67
Cash Receipts for the Year	21,662,002 26
Cash Dividends Paid the Insured	5,405,474 66
Received for Interests and Rents	3,843,113 06
Paid Losses by Death and Matured Endowments	3,379,664 80
Excess of Interest Received over Amount of Losses and Endowments	463,448 26
Increase of Assets for the Year	7,059 778 25
Surplus over all Liabilities	3,727,785 03

RATIO OF EXPENSES TO RECEIPTS, 8.24.

Agencies in the principal towns of California, Nevada, and Oregon, and in the Territories of Washington, Utah, Montana, Idaho, and Arizona.

A. B. FORBES, GENERAL AGENT, 204 MONTGOMERY ST., SAN FRANCISCO.